

NEWS OF THE STATE IS TOLD IN BRIEF

WHAT HAS HAPPENED IN WISCONSIN.

"Mary, the Window Smasher," Would Have Been Sent to the Insane Asylum if She Had Not Fled—An Aged Couple Get Married—Some Other Specials.

Marinette, Wis., March 24.—The following telegram was received here by County Judge Holgate:

"After consultation with Governor Scofield, the board of control would recommend to commit Mary Sweeney to the Northern Hospital for the Insane."

"RICHARD GUENTHER, Vice President."

The county judge, however, was unable to carry out the recommendation, for Mary, the window smasher, left Marinette yesterday. She demanded her release from the county jail, and as there was no charge against her, she secured her liberty. She took the first train south and her destination is not known. She will be committed undoubtedly wherever she turns up, and will be permanently confined in the asylum at the state's expense.

AN AGED PAIR GET MARRIED.

Andrew Knudson and Dorothy Madden of Merton.

Waukesha, Wis., March 24.—Andrew Knudson, aged 79, and Dorothy Madden, aged 81, were married by Attorney E. Merton. Their home is in Merton, and they are both well to do. The bride had to be assisted to rise from the seat in which she sat down after the ceremony was performed, owing to her feebleness.

Bannister Murder Trial.

Shell Lake, Wis., March 24.—Lawyer John Murphy of Superior, who is conducting defense in the Bannister murder trial, was taken suddenly ill, Court adjourned. W. Bannister and Lizzie Butler, the accused, were on the stand yesterday. They said the first bottle of chloroform bought, was to be used for Bannister's mother's neuralgia. The second bottle was to clean somebody's shoes. The state will try to impeach one of their important witnesses.

Demented Man's Suicide.

West Superior, Wis., March 24.—James McNamara, aged 24 years, of the Steel Plant Division, residing at 1618 Lockawana avenue, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor. McNamara had not been well balanced mentally for some years.

Run Down by a Motor Car.

Sheboygan, Wis., March 25.—Theo. Keppier, of the town of Mosel, who attempted to drive across the street car track in front of a rapidly moving motor car and was landed in the gutter was badly injured about the head.

Woman's Remarkable Escape.

Palmyra, Wis., March 24.—Mrs. Masterson of this place, who fell from a passenger train going at a mile-a-minute speed, west of White-water, striking on her head and shoulders, escaped with a slight scalp wound.

La Crosse Man's Sudden Death.

La Crosse, Wis., March 14.—E. R. Barron, the principal dry goods merchant of this city, died suddenly. He was about as usual, yesterday, but has known for a long time that death would come unexpectedly.

Early Morning Fire.

Milwaukee, March 24.—The residence of Mrs. Hulda Lutz and Henry Horling at 1248 Burleigh street, was damaged to the extent of \$600 by fire early this morning. The contents were damaged \$125.

Too Vulgar for Marinette.

Marinette, Wis., March 24.—A burlesque company attempted to give a show at the opera house, but the work was so vulgar that the company was hooted off the stage.

Katie Duprey Buried.

De Pere, Wis., March 24.—The body of Katie Duprey, the second victim of Murderer Ross, was buried in this city by the side of her sister, Mrs. Ross.

Nominated by the President.

Washington, March 24.—The President has nominated Bernard Bettmann of Ohio to be collector of internal revenue for the district of Ohio, and Chester H. Brush of Connecticut to be recorder of the general land office.

For the Relief of Flood Sufferers.

Washington, March 24.—The senate has passed a joint resolution, offered by Mr. Berry of Arkansas, for the purchase of 1,000 tents for Mississippi river flood sufferers.

Arbor Day for Illinois.

Springfield, Ill., March 24.—Gov. Tanner has issued his proclamation designating Thursday, April 20, 1897, as Arbor day.

BRITAIN MAY NOT TAKE PART

Concert of the Powers Begins To Seem Out of Tune.

London, March 24.—The Daily Chronicle's special correspondent at Athens says that the Greek government has learned from its own official sources that Great Britain refuses to take part in a blockade of Greece, though she has no objection to such a measure taken by the other powers. The government also learns from similar sources that the admirals of the international fleet in Cretan waters have informed their respective governments that their position is no longer tenable and that they must receive definite instructions or be recalled.

France, Too, May Weaken.

London, March 24.—The Times' correspondent at Paris calls attention to the article in the French constitution which debars the president of the French republic from declaring war without the assent of parliament, and says: "Europe must be prepared for the withdrawal of France from the European concert in the event that the Cretan difficulty should require more severe measures than the chamber of deputies will sanction."

Russia Preparing for Trouble.

London, March 24.—The Daily Mail publishes a dispatch from Braila, Roumania, which says that the Russian volunteer fleet has been ordered to concentrate itself in the ports of the Black Sea, nearest Constantinople and to hold itself in readiness to sail. The Russian army corps, which has been stationed in the Province of Bessarabia, is now moving toward Odessa.

THE POOLS GOING TO PIECES

Effect of the Decision of the United States Supreme Court.

Chicago, March 24.—Railroad traffic associations all over the United States are going to pieces. Already the disruption of every one in the west is accomplished. It is predicted that within the week not one organization having jurisdiction over rates, freight or passenger, will be in existence anywhere in the country.

The United States supreme court, in its decision in the government's case against the Transmissouri Freight Association, handed down Monday, struck the blow which is bringing this rapid dissolution. It is too plain to be misunderstood, and presents no loophole of which the railroads desiring to continue their long-established organizations can take advantage. Whether they have withdrawn or not, all roads belonging to traffic associations are outlaws under the law, and their organizations have no standing.

ONLY ONE BOAT IS FOUND

Creole's Find Had Been Overhauled by the Hilda.

New York, March 24.—Lifeboat No. 3, of the lost steamer Ville de St. Nazaire, that was picked up at sea by the steamer Creole and brought to this port, was the one from which the schooner Hilda recently took the four survivors who are now in New York hospitals. When the Hilda took out the living freight lifeboat, containing five corpses, was permitted to drift and was afterward sighted by the Creole. When that steamer came into port and told her story it was supposed that she had found another of the in which the passengers had left the sinking St. Nazaire. Captain Berri, however, who was one of those rescued by the Hilda, says that the boat from which he had been taken was No. 3.

Sheriff's Men Fire on Italians.

Lockport, N. Y., March 24.—The strike on the Erie Canal at Pendleton assumed a serious aspect Tuesday when the stonemasons were attacked by sixty Italians because they refused to quit work. Sheriff Kinney ordered the Italians to return to their cabins. They refused and were re-enforced by Poles, whereupon the sheriff and his posse fired a volley at them. The men ran from the field.

Funds for Flood Sufferers.

St. Louis, Mo., March 24.—At the close of the business session Tuesday a meeting of the members of the merchant's exchange was held for the purpose of soliciting funds for the flood sufferers. Twenty-one hundred dollars was raised in a short time, and will be immediately sent to the Memphis relief committee.

French Marines in Crete.

Canea, Island of Crete, March 24.—The French transport Auvergne has arrived at Suda bay with 450 marines on board. Part of the French troops were landed at Suda bay Tuesday. The second section of the French detachment will be landed here.

Coal Discovered in Manitoba.

Winnipeg, Man., March 24.—Gold prospectors who have just returned from the north report the discovery of coal on Lake Winnipeg. This means a great deal to the whole of Manitoba. Experts will go out to examine the find.

Cuban Troops Capture Holguin.

Havana, March 25.—The insurgents have captured Holguin, in Santiago de Cuba. The town is a very important one, and the news of its loss has cast great gloom over official circles.

FLOODS ARE WORSE AND DAMAGE GREAT

THE SITUATION IS BECOMING APPALLING.

People Stricken With Despair as They See the Rising Waters Crumble Their Levees—Minnesota Floods Spreading—Several Lives Lost—The Damage at Cedar Rapids.

St. Louis, March 24.—Despair has settled down on the unfortunate souls whose existence depends on the strength of the levees.

The south is prostrate. From the north comes the startling information that everything is flooded. This deluge will roll down, adding to its volume and power as it goes, and a torrent will break upon the weakened levees. What will be the result can only be weakly guessed. Men, women and children, to say nothing of their possessions, have only a few feet of crumbling earthwork between them and destruction, and when the coming torrent reaches them disaster will be their fate. Reports from along the river are startling.

The river rose one inch and a quarter during the last twenty-four hours and continues to weaken the levees. A terrible windstorm and three-sixteenths rainfall occurred between 7:30 and 10 o'clock Monday night, and the wind blew a gale Tuesday.

The situation across the river from Caruthersville grows more alarming every day. The loss of property and live stock is frightful. Even with the three relief tugs many have lost all their earthly possessions and barely escaped with their lives and families. If the river rises six inches more it will sweep over the top of three miles of levee north of Caruthersville like a cataract, unless the people are able to keep ahead of the rise, which they hope to do. The water is now eighteen inches above the crown of the old levee.

MANKATO UNDER WATER.

Fifty Houses Submerged and the People Moving to the Highlands.

Mankato, Minn., March 24.—Monday night and Tuesday every dray and express wagon in the city was engaged in the work of removing the household goods of the people whose houses have been surrounded by the rising water of the Minnesota River. All night cattle were driven across the bridge from North Mankato. On that side one-fourth of the houses have been vacated, and the water is running like a mill-race across the main street in front of the new Swedish Lutheran Church, which is surrounded. Many houses are under water. The Blue Earth River has flooded part of Common's addition, and fifty houses are partly submerged. Most of the families have moved out, but many are living in the second story of their houses. It is the worst flood since 1881.

In Belgrade avenue, through North Mankato, a sleigh-load of men were swept away by the torrent which had set in across the avenue. The drowned man was named Andrew Hanson, formerly from Winona, and another was only saved by clinging to a tree, where he was rescued with much difficulty after an hour or two of hard work. Several families were rescued from their houses with boats. Half of North Mankato, a village of 700 inhabitants, is under water, and a wild torrent is rushing through it.

Cedar Rapids Damaged.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, March 24.—Not since 1884 has the Cedar River been so high here as it reached Tuesday. A large part of West Cedar Rapids is under water in some places, it being from three to five feet deep. Many families have been compelled to move out of their homes, and not less than 200 houses are entirely surrounded by water. The mills have been compelled to close down and the big engines at the Sinclair packing houses have been kept going since early this morning to prevent flooding of their cellars.

Woman Lost Near Westfield, Iowa.

Sioux City, Ia., March 24.—While endeavoring to escape through the water which surrounded her house, Mrs. Belle Maxsey, residing on a farm on the Big Sioux, between here and Westfield, fell from a boat and was drowned. Visitors to the city from the Big Sioux valley say the half has not been told of the damage done during the flood. The Missouri is still falling here. The gorge at Haggins' Bend, below Yankton, still holds, and is growing worse.

Every Street Submerged.

Paducah, Ky., March 24.—There is more alarm in Paducah than since the present flood overtook the city. The river rose four inches Monday night and is now fifty feet. The water is over the Illinois Central tracks. Over fifty business houses on the river front are under water and many are closed. Every street in the city is now submerged in part.

Stock Driven to the Hills.

Quincy, Ill., March 24.—The Mississippi rose nearly a foot Tuesday, the gauge showing twelve feet four inches above low water mark. All the stock in the bottoms has been driven to the hills for safety. The town of Alexandria, at the mouth of the Des Moines river, forty miles above Quincy, is reported to be under a couple of feet of water.

THE TARIFF DEBATE WELL UNDER WAY

HOUSE CONTINUES TALK ON THE BILL.

Representative Dolliver of Iowa, Makes the Speech of the Day—Newlands of Nevada, Tells of the Attitude of the Silver Men—Other Capita News.

Washington, March 24.—Although several sharp passes at arms somewhat enlivened the tariff debate in the house Tuesday, the brilliant speech of Mr. Dolliver of Iowa was distinctly the overshadowing feature of the day.

Mr. Gibson (Rep.) of Tennessee devoted himself to a general argument in favor of protection.

Mr. Dockery (Dem.) of Missouri said the bill did not represent the issue of the late campaign. The people would prefer to see \$113,000,000 more money put in circulation than to see that amount absorbed by the treasury. Mr. Dockery ridiculed the idea that the present tariff law was the monster which had destroyed our industries. He denied that there was an era of prosperity for labor during the existence of the McKinley law and instanced the Carnegie strike.

Mr. Dockery was especially sarcastic in his remarks on the absurdity of giving alleged protection to agricultural products. Of the \$569,000,000 of products exported by the United States last year \$504,000,000 was agricultural products. In conclusion, he said that the policy of protection had driven our flag from the high seas, impoverished the laboring man and multiplied farm mortgages.

Mr. Newlands discussed the silver bill from the standpoint of the silver men who united with Democrats and Populists during the last campaign in opposition to the Republicans. This alliance, he said, still continued and was likely to amalgamate the allied forces into one strong party, with silver as the supreme and dominant issue, all other questions being subordinate to it and the largest tolerance being exercised as to the difference of opinion on other questions which had hitherto divided the various elements constituting the silver forces.

Tariff legislation alone, he asserted, would not give relief. Restore the old gold price of silver, \$1.29 per ounce, and we immediately restore the old gold prices of our farm products and this means, he said, protection to the American farms and plantations just as the tariff law means protection to the factory.

He argued that the recent rise in wheat proved that the price of that staple depends upon the price of silver, just as the exception proves the rule.

Mr. Newlands contended in conclusion that the area of distress for years confined to the mining belt, the wheat belt and the cotton belt and had now extended to the middle and eastern states, which were suffering from the loss of the consuming capacity of the western and southern states. The increase of production to the factories would not materially add to their prosperity unless the consuming capacity of these regions was restored. That could not be done by tariff legislation, but could only be accomplished by legislation that would stop the appreciation of gold and thus relieve our wheat and cotton industries from the destructive competition of silver countries.

Mr. McLaurin (Dem., S. C.) advocated a duty on cotton to keep out Egyptian grown cotton, and also favored protection on cotton manufactured and other articles of southern production.

Mr. Dolliver (Rep., Iowa), was the next speaker.

"Mr. Chairman, I like this bill because it is neither eastern nor western nor northern nor southern. It is American through and through, opening the doors of opportunity to every section and to every state. Your committee, gentlemen, without fear or favor toward any foreign country, has conscientiously undertaken to make this bill a patriotic act of good will toward the United States of America."

"The farmers of the United States, my brethren, are eager not for the fabled markets of the world; they are longing for the music of the old factory bell, calling back the idle millions to deserted workshops of the United States. The noise of furnaces that are now closed, and of looms that are now silent, will mean a good deal to the working people of the United States. It will mean not less to the scattered households on distant prairies, where, for four years, industrious men have seen the fruits of their toil waste in the fields that produced them."

He concluded as follows: "The Wilson law still stands and has for three years stood on the statute books of the United States without a friend and without a name, stealing the revenues from the treasury, wasting the resources of the government, stealing away the earnings of American labor, taking from the American farms the market places of the United States and of the world. That law stands on the statute book today and brings this congress together in extraordinary session."

"If the American people ever get their prosperity back it will come by their own individual enterprise and courage, not by edicts and proclama-

tions, not by the honest and careful settlement of conditions favorable to industry and investment. I reverently believe William McKinley stands as the chosen instrument in the hand of Providence to restore to the United States a public policy which has never yet failed to enable the American people by their own honest, hard work to secure out of their own resources a fair level of prosperity—a reasonable reward for their labor and a reasonable dividend on their investment."

Mr. Swanson (Dem., Va.), argued that the depressed condition of the manufacturing industries had not resulted from foreign competition, but because customers were too poor to make purchases that relief could not come to the manufacturer until the price of wheat, corn, oats, tobacco and of other products increased. He insisted that the low price of these resulted from the appreciation of gold, which would continue so long as silver was demonetized. In conclusion, he characterized the Dingley bill as the most exorbitant in its exactions, the most prohibitory in its character, and the most iniquitous ever sought to be enacted in this country.

WOULD BLOT OUT CIVIL SERVICE.

System Is Openly Denounced by Partisans in the Senate.

Washington, March 24.—The senate was unexpectedly precipitated into a civil-service debate Tuesday. Mr. Gallinger (N. H.) characterized the civil-service system as a humbug, and declared he would be glad to cast his vote to blot out the system. Mr. Allen (Neb.) called the civil-service act a "monumental humbug," and Mr. Wilson (Rep., Wash.) said it was a "humbug, delusion, a snare and a fraud."

Mr. Hawley (Conn.), while defending the principles of civil-service, said that its practice had been attended with glaring incompetency. Mr. Stewart (Nev.) regarded the civil-service commission as an "office brokerage establishment."

The Massachusetts senators—Messrs. Hoar and Lodge—defended the law.

Mr. Turpie (Dem., Ind.) spoke at considerable length in advocacy of the election of United States senators by the popular vote, detailing the uncertainties and frequent scandals attending the present method of choosing senators.

Iron-Ore Pool Dissolved.

Cleveland, O., March 24.—After several postponements, the much-talked-of meeting of the Bessemer Iron association, known as the iron ore pool, was held here Tuesday. The meeting was fruitless of results, for it was decided that no further effort to reach an agreement would avail, and the association was formally dissolved. A meeting of the producers of Bessemer ore of the old Mesaba range will be held, and it is the general opinion that a pool of their interests will be effected, even though this is not certain. It is thought that one serious effect of the breaking up of the ore association will be the reduction in the wages of labor, which in some cases has already taken place. Strikes and labor riots are anticipated by some.

Scovel Arrives in New York.

New York, March 24.—Sylvester Scovel, the newspaper correspondent who was imprisoned for thirty-one days at Sancti Spiritu, Cuba, arrived Tuesday on board the Ward line steamer Seguerana from Havana. Mr. Scovel was in the best of health, and stated that a great deal of sympathy had been wasted on him, as he had been treated with great consideration and kindness. The Spanish authorities did all they could to make him comfortable, and Consul-General Lee was untiring in his efforts to effect his release.

Will Not Prosecute Wood.

Greencastle, Ind., March 24.—The Rev. D. M. Wood stated yesterday that he had direct information from the federal authorities that they would not take any steps against his son, Will Wood, as the postoffice inspectors could find nothing in the letters of Will Wood to Scott Jackson and Alonzo Walling about Pearl Bryan upon which an indictment could be found. The Rev. Mr. Wood further stated that his son has a position in the naval service of the United States.

Listen to Gen. Harrison.

Ann Arbor, Mich., March 24.—Ex-President Harrison received an enthusiastic welcome Tuesday night when he made his first visit to the University of Michigan, and addressed the students in University hall on the subject, "Some Hindrances to Law Reforms." Over 3,000 students crowded the great auditorium, and when President Angell of the university presented Gen. Harrison the students gave him a rousing cheer.

Four Votes Lacking by Dr. Hunter.

Frankfort, Ky., March 24.—Dr. W. Godfrey Hunter, the republican caucus nominee for senator, did not receive the expected support from gold democrats when the opening ballot was taken in the legislature Tuesday. Six republicans refused to vote for him on the ground that he was illegally nominated, while the gold democrats divided their votes. It is said Mr. Blackburn will be withdrawn from the race and that the silver democrats and the bolting republicans will unite on Governor Bradley.

WHEELER VOTES FOR THE "PASS BILL"

FAVORED THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE MEASURE.

It Is a Substitute to the Hall Document Amendment, Amending the Constitution—Bill For Chippewa Falls Fair Passed—Assemblyman Frink Cleared of Charges Made.

Madison, Wis., March 24.—[Special]

The assembly judiciary committee, which has in charge the Hall amendment to the constitution, prohibiting the use of free railroad passes by members of the legislature, this morning voted to report a substitute bill providing for the raising of the salaries of legislators as well as forbidding the use of passes. The vote on the substitute, which is practically an amendment, calculated to kill the measure, stood seven to four as follows: For the substitute—Ballard, Latta, Wheeler, Parker, D. F. Jones, Butlers and Welch.

The bill providing for a sub-state fair for northern Wisconsin at Chippewa Falls passed by a good majority.

The special committee appointed to investigate the charges of bribery that were presented against Assemblyman Frink, of Milwaukee, this morning decided to report that the charges have not been proved.

Telephone Bill Defeated.

Madison, Wis., March 24.—The attempt to pass a law to compel the telephone company represented by H. C. Payne to allow the use of its wires and switchboards to people who purchase telephones from the company represented by H. A. Taylor came to a full stop in the senate yesterday. Mr. Whitehead spoke for the bill, on the ground that it was a question of public necessity as well as convenience to the patrons of telephone companies and that the telephone companies by their use of the streets incurred an obligation to make concessions where the public interests demanded them.

The test of strength came on the question of adopting the substitute for 158s, Mr. Walton's bill to regulate the telephone business. The substitute contained several amendments to the original bill, but both carried a provision which would require the Wisconsin Telephone company to permit any other company or local exchange to connect its instruments with the long distance wires and Milwaukee subscribers. The amendment was defeated.

Bills introduced by Rock county members were disposed of as follows: Concurred in:

No. 360s, Mr. Whitehead—Relating to cemeteries.

To a third reading: No. 228s, Mr. Whitehead—Providing for the organization of societies auxiliary to the state historical society.

Ordered engrossed:

No. 352a, Mr. Wheeler—Relating to special town meetings.

Iowa Loan Measure.

Des Moines, Ia., March 24.—The building and loan bill passed the house Tuesday, and the Allen amendment, which excited Lambert's sensational production of Jackson's lobbyist letter, was adopted. It allows an appeal from the executive council to the Polk county district court on the admission of building and loan associations to do business in Iowa and prohibits any officer of any building and loan association from sitting on the executive council when considering building and loan matters.

The senate passed the new printing and binding bill, which will save the state \$15,000 to \$20,000 in two years.

Bank Depositors Angry.

Lansing, Mich., March 24.—The depositors of the State Savings bank at Whitehall, which recently failed, have petitioned Banking Commissioner Ainger to prosecute the bank officials, who, they assert, looted the institution, lending its funds to themselves and defrauding the public by making false reports to the banking department. It is high time, the commissioner says, that an example be made on bank officials who violate the laws and rob the people.

Was Hurt During His Initiation.

Dubuque, Iowa, March 24.—Gerage Harris has filed a bill in the Federal Court to recover \$20,000 from Ironwood Camp, Modern Woodmen of America, for personal injuries. He alleges that during his initiation into the camp he was blindfolded and thrown about until he fell onto the floor and sustained injuries which kept him in the hospital for months, and that his right arm was permanently stiffened at the elbow.

Fitz May Meet Corbett Again.

San Francisco, Cal., March 24.—Jas. J. Corbett Tuesday afternoon secured his much-wanted interview with Fitzsimmons. The men met in the lobby of the hotel and greeted each other with the utmost cordiality. Corbett entreated Fitzsimmons to give him another chance to retrieve his reputation. Fitzsimmons reiterated his determination never to fight again, but finally promised if he ever re-entered the ring Corbett should have the first chance.

NEWS OF THE COUNTY
IS TOLD IN A LINE

FORMER ROCK COUNTY MAN
IS CRAZY.

Morris De Lano Fuller Is Taken Care of by the Police, and Wants To Go To Milton, Where He Has Relatives—Some Other Rock County Items.

Milton, Wis., March 24—Morris De Lano Fuller, an attorney of Beloit, Minn., who was found wandering about the streets of Chicago, by the police of that city this week, had escaped from a hospital where he was being treated. Fuller is a former Wisconsin man, and was a lawyer at Plymouth for several years, being a member of the legislature from Schoenbog county in 1881. He grew up in this town and graduated from Milton college in the class of '72, President Harvey of the Milwaukee Normal school being a schoolmate. His brother is general manager of the American Cablegram and Telegraph company at Duluth.

"Any one who imagines I am insane is more deluded than I ever shall be," declared Fuller, who was arrested after it is said, he created much disturbance at the Hahnemann hospital. Fuller says he is a lawyer and practiced at Minnesota. He came to Chicago to be treated for an injury to his head, caused by a fall. He was taken to the hospital by several friends, but after remaining there several hours he became restless and refused to stay in bed and finally escaped from the institution. Thinking the man demented a policeman arrested him. During the morning Fuller talked intelligently and while denying he was ever demented he admitted he might have been confused or excited. "It was just a temporary spell due to the excitement occasioned by my new surroundings. I feel entirely well now and when released I shall go to Milton, Wis., where I have relatives."

NEW CREAMERY AT FAIRFIELD.
Farmers Join in a Co-operative Concern—Some Other Notes.

Fairfield, March 24—The farmers have completed the organization of a co-operation creamery at this place and the stock holders elected the following officers last Thursday. President J. C. Pannan. Treasurer A. G. Clowes. Secretary R. R. More. General Manager B. Conroy. Miss Bertha Clark has organized a class in garment cutting by tailor system and the pupils are all progressing finely. Any lady wishing to take this work should consult her for terms. The system used cuts every garment worn by ladies or gentlemen. A. G. Clowes and R. More shipped a car load of hogs to Chicago last week. Mr. and Mrs. C. Sleeman, of Williams Bay, spent several days with friends at this place last week. Miss Eva Smith postponed her school exhibition on account of the unfavorable weather until Tuesday evening, March 20. The house occupied by the mail carrier, Rufus Rollins, at Smithton came near being destroyed by fire recently. But the timely aid of the neighbors saved the property.

PAPER MACHINES FOR JAPAN
One Just Finished By the Beloit Iron Works.

Beloit, Wis., March 24—The Beloit Iron Works are preparing for shipment to Japan a magnificent paper making machine. The machine is a counterpart of the pair recently built for the new mill at Port Edwards, Wis. It has a width of 100 inches and 24 driers, nearly all 48 inches in diameter. Boxed ready for shipment the machine will weigh 300 tons. It was built for a paper company at Yokkaichi, Ise, near Tokyo, Japan. This is one of half a dozen paper making machines now in course of construction in the United States for Japan. Several years ago the Japanese government sent a party of bright young men to this country to learn the paper making industry in detail and they not only gave attention to producing paper, but to the manufacture of paper making machinery as well. They feel so competent now, that they expect, and no doubt will themselves set up the great machine from Beloit. At the present, the Japanese make their paper by a very inferior process.

Emerald Grove Happenings.

Emerald Grove, March 24—Get your footwear from Gillies & Jones. Krieland Brothers of Richmond, have moved here, and are preparing to open up a meat market soon. They occupy the house owned by the Mary Davis estate. Rev. Dennis and family are getting settled in the parsonage. He is expected to occupy the pulpit in the Congregational church the coming year. A car of Hickory Grove pork was market in Chicago by J. R. Lamb last week. Wild geese and other spring birds are quite plenty these days. At present the roads are in the very worst possible condition. Milk teams have a hard time getting to and from the factory.

South Clinton News.

South Clinton, March 24—Mr. Green was seen on our streets Monday and Tuesday of last week. The neighborhood prayer meeting at C. J. Dresser's will be postponed until the roads are better. A three days' rain last week made the roads simply terrible. W. E. Dresser had the misfortune to lose a good cow Volney Tuttle and Miss Warner were callers in the neighborhood. Lowell Gilbert visited here over Sunday. Mr. Sol-

berg and family are moving to Beloit. Some of our people managed to get to Clinton Saturday.

South Turtle Happenings.

South Turtle, March 24—The services at the Murray schoolhouse were postponed because of bad roads. Mrs. Blaser and Miss Benedict visited Clinton on Tuesday of last week. May Crickett is at home for a few days because of vacation. Say did you know it rained, it rained, it rained? Oh the roads! Captain Cleghorn is reported better. Charles Gault made fun for the folks in the "Deestrick Skool" at Beloit.

President Whitford's Lecture.

Milton, Wis., March 24—President Whitford, of Milton college went to Washburn yesterday, where he will deliver this evening before the people of that city, his new lecture on "The State and Its Institutions."

GEN. RUGER'S RETIREMENT

President Will Have a Large Number of Appointments April 2.

Major-General Thomas H. Ruger, commanding the Department of the East, with headquarters at New York, will be retired April 2, and the president will have a large number of important army appointments at his disposal, ranging from major-generals to second lieutenants. All the brigadier-generals are candidates for promotion, with the chances, it is said, slightly in favor of the selection of General Brooks, stationed at St. Paul.



MAJOR GENERAL THOMAS H. RUGER.

The funeral of C. C. Nash took place yesterday morning from the residence of the family on Juniper place, Milwaukee. There was a large number of the friends of the dead banker present, including those who had been intimately associated with him in a business way for a long time.

THE FUNERAL OF C. D. NASH

Attended by Many of His Old Associates in Banking Circles.

The Rev. J. J. Keogh of St. John's cathedral officiated, and there was singing by a quartette. Interment was in Calvary cemetery. The active pallbearers were: Robert O. Graves, Chas. Palmer, Thomas R. Mercere, Grant Fitch, A. A. and J. E. Hathway. The honorary pallbearers were: Judge H. L. Palmer, Judge Chas. E. Dyer, W. P. MacLaren, and Wilard Merrill of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance company, John H. VanDyke, J. W. P. Lombard, Daniel Wells, Jr. and Charles Schley.

VAULT WORK IS COMPLETED.

Milwaukee Firm Get the Money For Their Job.

T. B. Bailey a member of the county board was in the city yesterday and forwarded a check for \$1200 to the Gender & Paschke company of Milwaukee in payment for the new steel vault fixtures that have recently been placed in the vaults at the court house. This work has been inspected and accepted. It is expected that the room made by these furnishings will equal the demand for at least ten years to come.

South Dakota in Springtime

Is clothed with verdure green and spotted with beautiful blue and white prairie flowers tokens of luxuriant soil like that fair country to which Moses led the children of Israel in ancient times.

And like unto that land of plenty, South Dakota outstrips its sister states of the east in the products of its soil, sown, cultivated and harvested in less time and with greater ease than in any other portion of the United States.

And so we say unto you that now is the opportunity of a lifetime to "Go west and buy a farm." For descriptive lists and prices, address Geo. H. Heafford, G. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

The Chicago Wholesale Fruit and Vegetable house have rented the store at No. 31 South Main street. L. P. Dearborn, of this city, will act as local manager.

The Season For April

The season for April, just out, is unusually interesting for ladies. The Easter costumes are beautifully illustrated, and of rich and very tasteful designs. House dresses, carriage gowns and walking costumes, ball and reception toilettes, from the plain rich tail-dress to the most elaborate ball dress, each is shown in its fullest beauty, carefully described and diagrams of measurements given, making the reproduction easy.

One minute is all the time necessary to decide from personal experience that One Minute Cough Cure does what its name implies. C. D. Stevens.

If the Baby Is Cutting Teeth Be sure and use that old and well tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children's ailments. It soothes the child, softens his gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

FRINK LIVED HERE
FOR SOME MONTHS

ACCUSED ASSEMBLYMAN ONCE
A JANESVILLIAN.

Charge Is Made That He Solicited a Bribe, But the Committee Will Clear Him, It Is Thought—Was an Insurance Man, and He Also Preached.

C. N. Frink the Milwaukee member of the assembly who was charged with soliciting a bribe in connection with the vote on the "medical bill" now before the state legislature, will be remembered by Janesville people as he formerly resided here. He was engaged in the insurance business for a time and afterward became identified with religious labors.

Frink opposed the medical bill as he is a Christian Scientist and the charge is made against him by Dr. Seaman. The special committee to investigate the charges of bribery in connection with the lobbying for the bill was to report today.

Otto Fisher, the State street Milwaukeean who was alleged to have overheard a conversation between Dr. Seaman and Assemblyman Frink, in the latter's office in Milwaukee, appeared before the committee last night, but his testimony was neither important nor interesting.

The testimony was reviewed today, after which a report will be framed and returned to the assembly. D. F. Jones, chairman of the committee, after the meeting last night said the committee was practically agreed as to the character of its report, but preferred not to give it out in advance. The impression is that it would not be of a sort to cause further proceedings, and that the assemblyman would be acquitted of having attempted to use his vote as negotiable collateral for a personal loan.

WATCH FOR MEN WHO GET OUT

Local Officers Will Catch Two Lunatics if They Can.

Word has been received by the local authorities asking them to be on the lookout for two patients who escaped from the Northern Hospital for the Insane at Oshkosh. The men, Michael McDough and Charles Smith, had been inmates of the state's prison at Waupun, and were considered dangerous men. They made their escape from the Northern Hospital by cutting a hole in the roof. A few hours after their escape they are supposed to have boarded a freight train headed for this city.

NO MONEY IN BEET CULTURE.

Rusk Lyceum Debate the Subject Last Evening.

Members of Rusk Lyceum debated the subj. ct. "Resolved, that the raising of sugar beets would be a profitable industry for the farmers of Rock county."

Chas. Loeper, Jay Bliss and Levi Ross spoke on the affirmative and Henry Scott, Clayton Holmes and Charles Cox for the negative. The judges, Robert Knoff, Colin Samuels and Chauncey Miltimore decided in favor of the negative.

REPAIRING THE WASHOUTS

Railway Companies Are Fixing Up The Damaged Roadbeds.

The railroad companies are busy repairing the washouts near this city. Several gravel trains passed through the city yesterday, being on their way to the district about Orford. No further trouble is expected, and all places weakened have been strengthened.

THE PROGRAM FOR TONIGHT.

Y. M. C. A. band rehearsal.

JANESVILLE Chapter O. E. S.

WISCONSIN Lodge No. 14, I. O. O. F.

BROTHERHOOD of locomotive firemen.

Adjourned meeting of the common council.

They are so small that the most sensitive persons take them, they are so effective that the most obstinate cases of constipation, headache and torpid liver yield to them. That is why DeWitt's Little Early Risers are known as the famous little pills. C. D. Stevens.

Home Seekers' Excursions.

Home Seekers' round trip excursion tickets to points in Iowa, Minnesota, the Dakotas, Northern Wisconsin, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, Texas, Mississippi, Louisiana, Georgia, Indian Territory, Kansas, Arkansas, Alabama. In Florida on the Louisville & Nashville railroad North and South Carolina, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Kentucky and western portion of Colorado will be sold by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway at half fare plus \$2.00 on January 5 and 19, February 2 and 16, March 2 and 16 and April 6 and 20, 1897.

If you have ever seen a child it the agony of croup, you can appreciate the gratitude of the mothers who know that One Minute Cough Cure relieves their little ones as quickly as it is administered. Many homes in this city are never without it. C. D. Stevens.

Very Low Rate Excursions to the West and South.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

A DAY'S NEWS IN THE TOWN.

Gus Bauman was in Watertown, this week.

O. M. Luline of Manitowoc, was in town today.

C. W. Stark of Tiffany, spent the day in town.

The Y. M. C. A. band meets tonight for rehearsal.

The Myers Grand will be closed during Holy week.

A. Kuthaner of Detroit, is in the local tobacco market.

Mrs. A. E. Rich spent yesterday with friends at Beloit.

A number of local hunters spent the day at Lake Koshkonong.

The common council will meet in adjourned session this evening.

Wi-consin Lodge No. 14, I. O. O. F., meets this evening at Odd Fellows' hall.

The Woodmen are making plans for their masquerade to be given after Lent.

This is the regular meeting night for the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen.

Billy Link's vaudeville company will be the next attraction at the Myers' Grand.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Tanberg are entertaining their daughter, Mrs. M. W. Bean, of Monroe.

Robert M. Bostwick was in Milwaukee yesterday and took the thirty-second degree in Masonry.

A meeting of Janesville Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star Lodge will be held at Masonic hall this evening.

The Married Folks dancing club will hold a social at Concordia hall tomorrow evening. It will be the last party of the series.

Miss Carolyn Kimball, of Baraboo, formerly a teacher in the Janesville city schools, is the guest of Misses Mary Holt and M. Roberta Holmes.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Baack entertained a number of friends last evening, in an exceptionally pleasant manner. A German luncheon was one of the features of the evening.

A large audience saw "Uncle Josh Spruceby" at the Myers Grand last evening. The music by the orchestra was a feature. The play abounds in sensational situations and the climax in every case was effectively managed.

JANESVILLE MARKET PRICES.

Quotations On Grain And Produce as Reported For The Gazette.

The following figures show the range of prices in the local market. Flour—Good to best Patent, \$1.10 to \$1.25 per sack. Buckwheat Flour—25c per 10 lb. sack. Wheat—Fair to best quality 65c to 75c. Rye—Per ton, \$7.00 to \$7.50. Barley—Ranges, at 18c to 24c according to quality. Corn—Old, 18c to 20c; new, per 75 lbs., 14c to 15c. Oats—white, 13c to 15c. Clover Seed—\$3.00 to \$3.75 per bushel. Timothy Seed—8c to \$1.00 per bushel. Hay—Per ton, \$7.00 to \$7.50. Straw—\$4.00 to \$5.00 per ton. Meal—50c per 100 lbs. Sifted 90c. Feed—50c to 60c per 100 lbs. Bran—45c per 100 lbs; \$8.00 per ton. Middlings—50c per 100, \$9.00 per ton. Potatoes—20c to 25c per bushel. Butter—16c to 18c. Eggs—17c to 18c per dozen. Poultry—Turkeys, 9c to 10c chickens, 6c to 7c. Wool—11c to 12c for washed; 8c to 10c for unwashed. Hides—Green, 5c to 6c; dry, 8c to 9c. Pelts—Range at 15c to 45c each.

It is surprising what a "wee bit"

or a thing can accomplish. Sick headache, constipation, dyspepsia, sour stomach, dizziness, are quickly banished by De Witt's Little Early Risers. Small pill. Safe pill. Best pill. C. D. Stevens.

The Hot Springs

located in the Black Hills of South Dakota have wonderful medicinal properties for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, and kindred ailments, and should be investigated by all suffering from such troubles. First class hotel accommodations and baths. Tourist tickets on sale daily and especially low rates on the first and third Tuesdays of each month. Full information furnished on application to ticket agents C. & N. W. R'y.

Many cases of "Grippe" have lately

been cured by One Minute Cough Cure. This preparation seems especially adapted to the cure of this disease. It acts quickly thus preventing serious complications and bad effects in which this disease often leaves the patient. C. D. Stevens.

Tour of Old Mexico.

Under a tour of American Tourist association. Reau Campbell, General manager. January 16 and February 27. Sleeping and dining cars and special baggage cars through all the tour without change. More miles and days in Mexico, more cities and towns than ever offered. Tickets include all expenses, sleeping and dining cars, hotels, etc. Apply to any ticket agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway for further particulars.

Torturing, itching, scaly skin eruptions,

burns and scalds are soothed at once and promptly healed by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the best known cure for piles. C. D. Stevens.

No Grip

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take

and easy to operate, is true

of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists, 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

are now in. Prices are not high. We show a liberal assortment of cloth light and dark garments. Capes—many beautiful styles. We can interest you we feel sure.

The Biggest

Of All

big values. Nothing like them ever known before. Hard to tell how it's done. We have received 100 dozen Pillows, size 18x18, each one covered with China silk and finished with a 3 1/2 inch ruffle. A large variety to select from. Now for the surprise. They are worth easily \$1.50, but our price is \$1.00.

LADIES

We reface dress skirts and make and repair cloaks. Collarets made to order. Mending and cleaning of all kinds.

MISSISS GIBBONS & M'GINLEY,

On the Bridge, Room 10, over Weisend's.

To be in style

Every lady should wear Puffs and Curis, and lots of them. Switches and Hair Goods of all kinds made to order.

MRS. SADLER, W. Milwaukee St.

J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.
THE BIG STORE 20, 22, 24, 26 S. MAIN ST. JANESVILLE, WIS.
WE KEEP THE QUALITY UP

New Things
Have Been::

pouring into the store so fast the past few days that we have scarcely had time to get acquainted with them.

50 Pieces of
Wash Goods

came to hand on the 17th instant; they are 3 1/2 inches wide, printed on an extra fine imported cloth by Wm. Simpson, Sons & Co. If we asked you 18 cents for it you would not be surprised. The patterns are very desirable, the colorings excellent. We consider it the best value we have seen. Have put a price on the lot that means quick selling—

12 1/2 Cents.

The Wash
Goods Family

is a large one, judging from the immense variety at this store. We have a beautiful collection in many weights, and in both dark and light effects. By coming here one has the advantage of having the largest stock in Janesville to select from.

Linen Collars,
Linen Cuffs.

There promises to be a larger sale on collars and cuffs this year than for many past. Now collars seem to be the thing this spring, and we show all the leading new things. The Tessaica, or most favored is quite new and a pretty collar on.

The high standing with flaring top is selling well. The half roll, open front and back, in both flare and lay down, we show.

Cuffs—several new styles that have gained the approval of critical buyers.

New
Ties

To go with the new collars. Just received 50 dozen of the latest in Band Bows and Club Ties.

Spring Weights
In Jackets

are now in. Prices are not high. We show a liberal assortment of cloth light and dark garments. Capes—many beautiful styles. We can interest you we feel sure.

The Biggest
Of All

big values. Nothing like them ever known before. Hard to tell how it's done. We have received 100 dozen Pillows, size 18x18, each one covered with China silk and finished with a 3 1/2 inch ruffle. A large variety to select from. Now for the surprise. They are worth easily \$1.50, but our price is \$1.00.

Mackintoshes

are a necessity. Tuesday a new lot was received. Several were sold a few minutes after being unpacked. You can rely on ours. They are extra values, being made by the Columbia Rubber Co. of Boston, being a guarantee of good quality. All prices, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.00, \$8.00, \$9.00, \$10.00, \$12.00, &c.

HIGH GRADE
COAL
Good coal.
Better satisfaction.
Best results.

JANESVILLE COAL CO.
P. E. NEUSES, Secretary
Telephone 39.

One Loaf of
Quaker Bread

Worth Two of
Any Other.....

It's pure.
It's healthful.
It's of fine substance.
As good as any home made.
Hail the wagon. It passes your door daily.

WEST SIDE BAKERY.

161 W. Milwaukee St.

..PAUL GEHRKE, Prop..

Common Sense!
Improved Machinery!
Experience!

All necessary to obtain the best results in LAUNDRY WORK. We have them all. We do the best work in the city because we have the facilities.

Your Collars,
Your Cuffs,
Your Shirts.

Family Washings, Lace Curtains, we will launder the right way. Try us. Drop us a postal card or telephone. Our wagon will pick up your bundle.

JANESVILLE STEAM LAUNDRY

13 South Main Street.

Study Here....

Nowhere in the state can a more thorough business training be had than in Janesville. Ten years of success backed up by the testimonials of hundreds of graduates tell the story.

.....Janesville Business College.

RUMMAGE
THROUGH THE
STOREROOM

Get your Magazines together and have them bound.

65c
for a substantial cloth-bound leather bound set. Magazines are worth taking care of.

W.E. CLINTON & CO
328 S. Main St. Janesville.
(Over Conrad & Co.)
Telephone 229

TRY ONCE MORE

If you have been the victim of the traveling nursery agent who has come to you with some high-priced novelty in the shape of an everbearing Raspberry or Strawberry that yields its fruit every month and its leaves are for the healing of the nation. Next time try some of the standard varieties grown near home, of which I have a good stock for this spring trade. Come and see or write.

J. D. CURRY, Footville, Wis.

LADIES

We reface dress skirts and make and repair cloaks. Collarets made to order. Mending and cleaning of all kinds.

MISSISS GIBBONS & M'GINLEY,

On the Bridge, Room 10, over Weisend's.

To be in style

Every lady should wear Puffs and Curis, and lots of them. Switches and Hair Goods of all kinds made to order.

MRS. SADLER, W. Milwaukee St.

MOUNTAIN ECHO.

In mournful stillness rides a knight
Through the deep vale's concave.
"Ah, do I now fare to my darling's arms,
Or do I but go to the darksome grave?"
The echo answer gave—
"The darksome grave!"
As ever onward rides the knight
His mournful sighs increase.
"Find I, so soon, in the grave release?
Ah, well, the grave brings peace!"
Nor did the echo cease—
"The grave brings peace!"
Down from the cavalier's cheek, for grief,
A teardrop rolled and fell.
"Is there only rest in the grave for me?
To me, then, the grave comes well."
The echoes hollow swell—
"The grave comes well."
—G. W. Oddie in New York Tribune.

HIS HOME COMING.

How I came to visit my home happened in a curious way. Six weeks ago I went down to Fire Island fishing. I had had a lunch put up for me, and you can imagine my astonishment when I opened the hamper to find a package of crackers wrapped up in a weekly published at my home in Wisconsin. I read every word of it, advertisements and all. There was George Kellogg, who was a schoolmate of mine, advertising hams and salt pork, and another boy was postmaster. By George, it made me homesick, and I determined then and there to go home, and go home I did.

In the first place, I must tell you how I came to New York. I had a tiff with my father and left home. I finally turned up in New York with a dollar in my pocket. I got a job running a freight elevator in the very house in which I am now a partner. My haste to get rich drove the thought of my parents from me, and when I did think of them the hard words that my father last spoke to me rankled in my bosom. Well, I went home. I tell you, John, my train seemed to creep. I was actually worse than a schoolboy going home for a vacation. At last we neared the town. Familiar sights met my eyes, and, upon my word, they filled with tears. There was Bill Lyman's red barn just the same; but, great Scott, what were all the other houses? We rode nearly a mile before coming to the station, passing many houses of which only an occasional one was familiar. The town had grown to ten times its size when I knew it. The train stopped and I jumped off. Not a face in sight I knew, and I started down the platform to go home. In the office door stood the station agent. I walked up and said, "Howdy, Mr. Collins?" He stared at me and replied, "You've got the best of me, sir."

I told him who I was and what I had been doing in New York, and he didn't make any bones in talking to me. Said he: "It's about time you were coming home—you in New York rich, and your father scratching gravel to get a living."

I tell you, John, it knocked me all in a heap. I thought my father had enough to live upon comfortably. Then a notion struck me. Before going home I telegraphed to Chicago to one of our correspondents there to send me \$1,000 by first mail. Then I went into Mr. Collins' back office, got my trunk in there and put on an old hand me down suit that I used for fishing and hunting. My plug hat I replaced by a soft one, took my valise in my hand and went home. Somehow the place didn't look right. The currant bushes had been dug up from the front yard and the fence was gone. All the old locust trees had been cut down and young maple trees were planted. The house looked smaller, too, somehow. But I went up to the front door and rang the bell. Mother came to the front door and said, "We don't wish to buy anything today, sir."

It didn't take a minute to survey her from head to foot. Neatly dressed, John, but a patch here and there, her hair streaked with gray, her face thin and wrinkled. Yet over her eyeglasses shone those good, honest, benevolent eyes. I stood staring at her, and then she began to stare at me. I saw the blood rush to her face, and with a great sob she threw herself upon me and nervously clasped me about the neck, hysterically crying, "It's Jimmy! It's Jimmy!"

Then I cried, too, John. I broke down and cried like a baby. She got me back to the house, hugging and kissing me. Then she went to the back door and shouted "George!" Father called from the kitchen, "What do you want, Carl?"

Then he came in. He knew me in a moment. He stuck out his hand and grasped mine firmly, and said sternly, "Well, young man, do you propose to behave yourself now?"

He tried to put on a brave front, but he broke down. There we sat like whipped school children, all whimpering. At last supper time came and mother went out to prepare it. I went into the kitchen with her.

"Where do you live, Jimmy?" she asked.
"In New York," I replied.
"What are you working at now, Jimmy?"

"I am working in a dry goods store."
"Then I suppose you don't live very high, for I hear tell of them city clerks what don't get enough money to keep body and soul together. So I'll just tell you, Jimmy, we've got nothing but roasted spareribs for supper. We ain't got any money now, Jimmy. We're poorer nor Job's turkey."

I told her I would be delighted with the spareribs, and to tell the truth, John, I have not eaten a meal in New York that tasted as good as those crisp roasted spareribs did. I spent the evening playing checkers with father, while mother sat by telling me all about their misfortunes, from old white Mooly getting drowned in the pond to father's signing a note for a friend and having to mortgage his place to pay it. The mortgage was due inside of a week and not a cent to meet it with—just \$800. She supposed they would be turned out of house and home, but in my mind I supposed they wouldn't. At last 9 o'clock came and father said:

"Jim, go out to the barn and see if Kit is all right. Bring in an armful of old shingles that are just inside the door and fill up the waterpail. Then we'll go off to bed and get up early and go a-fishing."

I didn't say a word, but I went out to the barn, bedded down the horse, broke up an armful of shingles, pumped up a pailful of water, filled the wood box and then we all went to bed.

Father called me at half past 4 in the morning, and while he was getting breakfast I skipped over to the depot, cross lots, and got my best bass rod. Father took nothing but a trolly line and a spoon hook. He rowed the boat, while I stood in the stern with a silver rigged shiner on. Now, John, I never saw a man catch fish as he did.

At noon we went ashore and father went home, while I went to the post-office. I got a letter from Chicago, with a check for \$1,000 in it. With some trouble I got it cashed, getting paid in \$5 and \$10 bills, making quite a roll. I then got a roast joint of beef, with a lot of delicacies, and had them sent home. After that I went visiting among my old schoolmates for two hours and went home. Mother had put on her only silk dress and father had donned his Sunday go to meeting clothes, none too good either. This is where I played a joke on the old folks. Mother was in the kitchen watching the roast. Father was out to the barn, and I had a clear coast. I dumped the sugar out of the old blue bowl, put the \$1,000 in it and placed the cover on again. At last supper was ready. Father asked a blessing over it, and he actually trembled when he stuck his knife into the roast.

"We haven't had a piece of meat like that in five years, Jim," he said, and mother put in with, "And we haven't had any coffee in a year, only when we went visiting."

Then she poured out the coffee and lifted the cover of the sugar bowl, asking as she did so, "How many spoons, Jimmy?"

Then she struck something that was not sugar. She picked up the bowl and peered into it. "Aha, Master Jimmy, playing your old tricks on your mammy, eh? Well, boys will be boys."

Then she gasped for breath. She saw it was money. She looked at me and then at father; then with trembling fingers drew out the great roll of bills. Ha, ha, ha! I can see father now, as he stood there on tiptoe, with his knife in one hand, his fork in the other, and his eyes fairly bulging out of his head. But it was too much for mother. She raised her eyes slowly to heaven and said, "Put your trust in the Lord, for he will provide."

Then she fainted away. Well, John, there is not much more to tell. We threw water in her face and brought her to. Then we demolished that dinner, mother all the time saying: "My boy Jimmy! My boy Jimmy!"

I staid a month. I fixed up the place, paid off all the debts, had a good time and came back to New York. I am going to send \$50 home every week. I tell you, John, it is mighty nice to have a home.

John was looking steadily at the head of his cane. When he spoke, he took Jim by the hand and said: "Jim, old friend, what you have told me has affected me greatly. I haven't heard from my home away up in Maine for ten years. I am going home tomorrow."—Lula Michel in St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Myths of Vendland.

Charles de Kay, consul general to Berlin, writes of Vendland in The Century under title of "An Inland Venice." Concerning the strange myths of the Vends, Mr. de Kay says: The water nixy is dangerous to young women who wade into ponds to cut reeds for thatch. The sandman has his female counterpart. When a boy nods, it is Hermann that has come; when a girl gets sleepy over her spinning, it is Dremotka. Reapers who fail to rest for an hour at midday are in danger of a ragged female demon called Pshespolniza. She comes with a sickle bound to a pole and cuts off their heads. She seems to have been sunstroke personified, but is now, like Serpowniza, only a bugbear used to frighten children away from growing crops.

Here in the Spreewald exist many of the superstitions common to Ireland and Scotland—the changeling, the whirlwind, will o' the wisp, kobold, leprechaun and good little people generally. Here are the crafty spirit of the lake and the demon that springs on men's shoulders at night. Here especially is the banshee. Indeed no less a family than the Hohenzollerns have a private and particular white lady who appears in the unsentimental vicinity of the Schloss, in the heart of Berlin, and wails round the battlements when a death is to occur in the family. Connection between the British islands and the lands drained by the Elbe and the Vistula has been constantly renewed by migration and conquest. In remote periods the race seems to have been alike in both countries.

The Arab and the Wheel.

The final triumph of the wheel will come when it has divorced the Arab from his steed of poetry and romance—his "stallion shod with fire." The Paris papers print news from the French Sudan to the effect that the bicycle is making its way there, and that it has impressed the natives more than any other article imported into that country from Europe. The Mohammedan member of the French chamber of deputies was interviewed about the matter and said that the Koran had nothing to say against the wheel, as the prophet had not foreseen its invention, but he did not think the Arabs would ever dream of forsaking their fine horses for it.

Generous.

"You said that when we were married you would refuse me nothing."
"I'll be still more generous. I'll not even refuse you nothing. I'll give it to you."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Senator Turner of Washington.

Senator George Turner of Washington, who succeeded Mr. Squire, is a successful lawyer, a judge and a man who was recently rewarded one fortune which was



GEORGE TURNER.

swept away by hard times with another made in a lucky mining speculation. Mr. Turner was born in Edina, Knox county, Mo., in 1850. He became a lawyer, and, when still a young man, was appointed by President Grant as United States marshal of Alabama. President Arthur later appointed him associate justice for Washington territory.

Mother of the Mothers' Congress.

The mothers' congress which was lately held in Washington was such a success that it will become an institution. The idea of holding the congress was first presented by Mrs. Theodore W. Birney at the mothers' meeting at Chautauqua in the summer of 1895. The

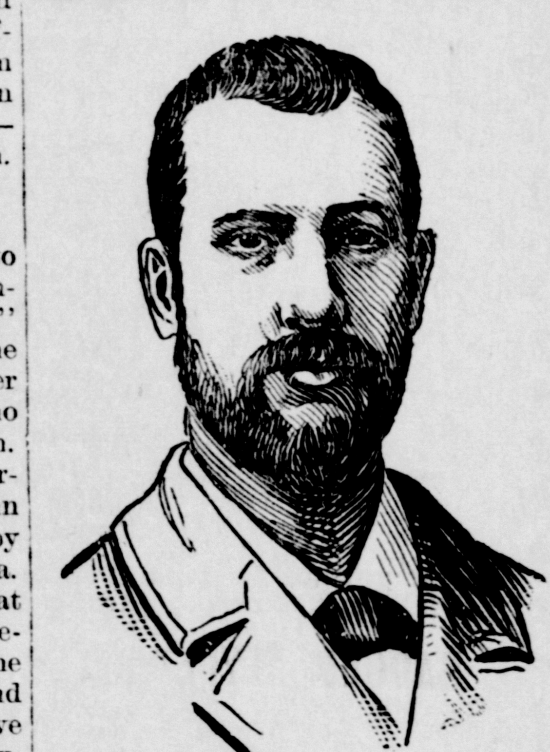


MRS. THEODORE W. BIRNEY.

project was enthusiastically received, and Mrs. Birney was encouraged to go ahead and work up the organization. Mrs. Birney is a wealthy woman who lives in a fine mansion in Chevy Chase, a fashionable suburb of Washington. She has been prominent in other enterprises of a similar nature and is not unknown among the ranks of philanthropists.

He Discovered a Plague Serum.

Dr. Yersin of the Pasteur institute, Paris, who went to India to fight the plague with a new serum which he discovered, has for many years been a student of medical science. When the Pasteur institute was established in Paris,

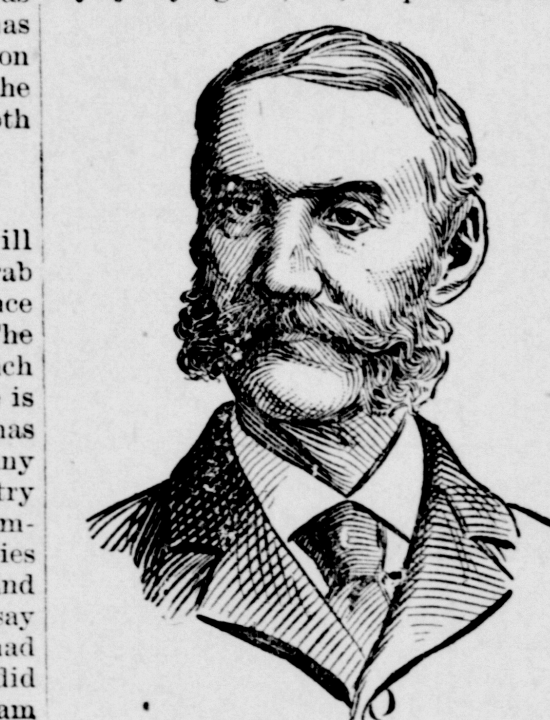


DR. YERSIN.

he was appointed by the directors to take charge of the laboratory of microbe technique. For years he has studied disease microbes, cultivated them and hunted for hostile microbes which would destroy them. He has been so successful, too, that in Europe he shares many of the honors of Roux and Pasteur.

The King of Calico.

Matthew C. D. Borden, familiarly known as Matt Borden, and sometimes called the "king of calico," is one of the biggest operators in print cloths that there is in the country today. A short time ago he astonished the country by buying 100,000,000 pieces of cloth



M. C. D. BORDEN.

in a lump. He put a falling market on its feet and added a big fortune to his already extensive bank account. He was bred to the business, for his father was a big Fall River mill owner. Mr. Borden has built more mills and opened a big commission house in New York.

ABOUT TEA DRINKING.

A Sentimental Love Affair Gave the World a New Beverage.

China claims the origin of the use of tea as a drink. Of course there are various stories connected with it, among which, perhaps, the following is quite as interesting and credible as any, says the Philadelphia Inquirer. As the tale runs, one of the daughters of a reigning sovereign was hopelessly enamored of a young nobleman whose caste did not permit him to aspire to her hand, but they exchanged glances and occasionally he gathered a few blossoms and took means to have them conveyed to her. One day the princess met her admirer in the grounds of the palace and as the attention of the attendants was attracted in another direction the young man tried to put a few flowers into her hand, and all that she could grasp was a little twig with green leaves. This she treasured and when she reached her apartments she placed the twig in a goblet of water, here to remain for some hours, the object of her tenderest care. Toward evening she was seized with a sentimental attack, during which she drank the water in which the twig had been kept. It had a most agreeable taste and then she ate the leaves and stalk.

The flavor pleased her greatly and every day, in memory of her admirer, she had bunches of the tea tree brought to her and ate them or put them in water and drank the infusion. The ladies of the court observed her and were moved to try it themselves and did so with such pleasing result that the practice sprang throughout the kingdom and one of the great industries of China was thus established. It is claimed that the date of the sentimental origin of tea drinking was nearly 3,000 years before Christ.

TELEGRAMS TO WOMEN.

Ordinary Messages Sometimes Greatly Excite Wearers of Petticoats.

The telegraph messenger who keeps his eyes open has an opportunity to note curious phases of human nature. One told recently that women never opened a telegram without turning pale, and when the message was not alarming they looked disappointed. He delivers about two death messages a day, four birth messages, a great many business messages and once in a great while a love message that makes him tired to carry it. He carried one recently to a young man in town that read: "How are you today, darling?" The answer went promptly back by the boy and was to the effect: "I am better, love." He once carried a message of death to a colored woman, and after reading it her emotions overcame her to such an extent that she caught the messenger in her arms and soundly boxed his ears. Also her colored woman refused to open or sign for a message, but walked the floor and beat her breast and screamed, supposing it announced a death. When all the neighbors had come in, one more venture—some than the rest read the message. It was simply a notice that the woman's sister would come that evening to see her.

Old Grumbler to New Girl.

Bike! Bike! Bike!
O'er the hard street stones, O She!
And I would that my tongue could utter
The thoughts that arise in me!

O, well for the newspaper boy
That he scoots on his cycle away!
O, well for the butcher lad
That he pedals—perchance it may pay!

But when stately girls get on
All a-crouch and with prospect of spill,
It is O, for the touch of a wee soft hand,
And the sound of a voice that could thrill!

Bike! Bike! Bike!
With thy foot on the pedal, O She!
But the girlish grace that the Wheel struck dead
Will never come back to thee!

—Punch.

Past and Present.

An Egyptian mummy placed under Prof. Roentgen's rays to have his bones photographed is a bringing together of the dead past and the living present with a vengeance. In the museum of Natural History in Vienna there is an Egyptian mummy which is human in form but which, from the inscriptions on it, was taken to be that of an ibis. It is, however, so rare and valuable an object that it was not possible to do it the damage of opening it so as to ascertain the contents. On Wednesday it was taken to the School of Photography and examined by being photographed with the "X" rays. The picture obtained shows the outlines of a large bird skeleton and proves beyond doubt the nature of the contents.—Vienna Letter.

Milk's All Marauding Cows.

A Sharpsburg, Ky., citizen has dropped on to a plan which, if adopted generally, will rid a long-suffering people of the wandering town cow. When he catches one of these early wanderers in his garden, instead of knocking the pickets off the fence with rocks and splitting the air with profanity, he quietly drives the cow into his stable and milks her before turning her out in the evening. Of course when the owner of the cow fails to get any milk for several days he investigates the matter, and either keeps the cow penned up on his own premises or puts her in the pasture.

Gleemen in Harmony.

"Saw an odd thing while I was out of town," said the cheerful idiot, "A tenor singer with a crooked neck."
"What was his song?" asked the shoe clerk boarder.
"Coming through the wry, of course."—Exchange.

DANGEROUS SURGERY.

Death Follows the Surgeon's Knife—Not the Surgeon's Fault, of Course—He Can't Help It—You Can.

Pyramid Pile Cure Cures Piles Quickly.

People go along for years suffering with piles. They try this and that and the other thing; from carrying a buckeye to getting treated from a physician. They obtain temporary relief, maybe, but they are never quite cured. A little strain in lifting, excessive fatigue, a little constipation or a little diarrhoea and the piles come back. They don't seem to amount to much, but they banish sleep and appetite. No position is comfortable. There is intense local pain and that dreadful feeling of weight in the perineum.

Maybe in the early stages some of the many salves on sale will afford temporary relief. If the case is of long standing there is only one speedy and sure remedy. It is Pyramid Pile Cure. Even in light cases it is the safest thing to use. Other applications may cure and may not. Pyramid Cure is always certain, always reliable, always brings comfort at once. Its prompt use saves months of severe suffering. In extreme cases it will save surgical operations and attendant dangers and discomforts. It is better than a knife. Will cure easier, quicker and safer. Thousands have used it. Thousands have been cured by it. The cost is trifling compared with what it does. The price is 50 cents. Most anybody would gladly pay ten dollars to be rid of piles. If you haven't it, he will get it for you from the Pyramid Drug Co., of Albion, Mich. (sole manufacturers.)

The Next Comptroller of the Treasury.

Charles G. Dawes, who is to succeed Comptroller Eckels when the latter's term expires, is a prominent lawyer and business man of Evanston, Ills., and



CHARLES G. DAWES.

has been for several years a personal friend of President McKinley. Although a young man, he has had a wide experience in banking and is an acknowledged financial expert. Charles Gates Dawes is a native of the Buckeye State, having been born Aug. 25, 1865, at Marietta.

Alarming Signs in New York.

"Hats cleaned while you wait, five cents." "Shoes soled while you wait, fifty cents." "Buttons sewed while you wait, five cents each." "Patches inserted in clothing while you wait, ten cents each." These signs are seen all over town—particularly along the Bowery. The combination of signs can be found in one block. There a man may go into the place a veritable Weary Wiggles, and by expending a dollar may emerge an up-to-date dude.—New York World.

E. E. Turner, of Compton, Mo., writes us that after suffering from piles for seventeen years, he completely cured them by using three boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cures eczema and severe skin diseases. C. D. Stevens.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by E. E. Heinemann, druggist, Janesville, Wis.

Don't allow the lungs to be impaired by the continuous irritation of a cough. It is easier to prevent consumption than to cure it. One Minute Cough Cure taken early will ward off any fatal lung trouble. C. D. Stevens.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT Seven-room house on Cornelia 2d ward. Enquire at 153 Cornelia St. In good repair, nicely located.

FOR RENT—Suite furnished rooms; light housekeeping; steam heat; water; gas. 213 South Main street.

FOR RENT—Seven-room house. Enquire at 154 Milton avenue.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Look at this!—One of the finest modern style homes in the city. Furnaces, hot and cold water, gas, water for bath rooms; in fact, complete in every respect, and offered at \$500 less than actual cost, if taken soon. D. Conger.

FOR SALE—Several new modern style homes, from \$1,800 to \$2,500, on easy terms. Now is your time to buy before the spring rush. D. Conger.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Two good business places, but little money required. Will take city property. D. Conger.

FOR SALE Two boilers suitable for factory work. Inquire at this office.

MONEY TO LOAN—Whitehead, Matheson & Smith.

WANTED.

NOTICE—If you have Western or Southern lands, improved farms, city, village or personal property of any description, list it with me and I can dispose of it for you. D. Conger.

WANTED—Salesman; salary paid weekly, experience unnecessary; permanent. Brown Brothers Co., Chicago.

WANTED—By young man attending the University of Wisconsin, a room for board and Saturdays for board. Valentine Bros.

TO EXCHANGE—Equities in city property for western land or merchandise. D. Conger.

WANTED—A good, competent housekeeper to live in country. Address J. C. Gazette.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

G. H. FOX, M. D.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO:

Surgery.

Over Shere's Drug Store.

DR. JOE WHITING,

Physician and Surgeon

Specialty of Surgery and Surgical Diseases.

Over Prentice & Evenson Drug Store

DR. J. P. THORNE,

SPECIALIST IN THE TREATMENT OF

Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat

and Chest. Glasses Accurately Fitted

HOURS: 12 to 12:30 p.m., 5 to 7 and 7 to 8 p.m.
Office 13 W. Milwaukee St., Opposite Postoffice
JANESVILLE, WIS.

DR. C. J. PALMER,

Formerly of the New York Dental Parlors,
Chicago, (successor to Dr. H. J. Wardlaw.)

NON-COMBINATION DENTIST:

Teeth Extracted Without Pain.

Over the Bee Hive. Open evenings.

DR. GEO. H. McCAUSEY,

Surgeon Dentist,

Office in Tallman's Block, Opp. First Na

Bank, W. Milwaukee Street.

Residence: 55 Dodge Street.

JANESVILLE, - Wisconsin.

GEO. K. COLLING,

[ESTABLISHED 1866.]

BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR.

STAIR BUILDER, ETC.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FURNISHED

106 N. Main St., Janesville, Wis.

E. D. MCGOWAN,

Attorney at Law,

Rooms 17 & 18 Sutherland's Block

On the Bridge, Janesville.

BAKER & SMITH,

SUCCESSORS TO

A. J. BAKER,

FIRE & ACCIDENT INSURANCE

Real Estate, Money to Loan.

Room 5, Smith's Block, Janesville

H. A. BAKER. GEORGE H. SMITH

E. RAY INMAN,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS.

Inventions Perfected. Drawings made. Patents secured. References furnished.

Room 5, Sutherland Block,

Janesville, - Wisconsin

THE RAILROAD TIME-TABLES

Chicago & Northwestern	LEAVE FOR	ARRIVE FROM
Chgo Via Clinton	6:40 a.m.	8:30 p.m.
Chgo Via Clinton	7:25 a.m.	8:25 p.m.
Chgo Via Clinton & Sharon	12:40 p.m.	12:40 p.m.
Chgo Via Clinton & Sharon	7:20 p.m.	12:40 p.m.
Chgo Via Beloit & Harvard	7:00 a.m.	6:30 a.m.
Chgo Via Beloit & Harvard	2:10 p.m.	11:35 a.m.
Beloit, DeKalb & Omaha	12:23 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
Beloit, Rockford, Freeport & Elgin	7:20 p.m.	10:25 p.m.
Watertown, Fond Du Lac & Oshkosh	7:00 a.m.	12:15 p.m.
Watertown, Fond Du Lac & Oshkosh	12:45 p.m.	10:40 p.m.
Watertown & Milwaukee	4:00 p.m.	7:50 a.m.
Watertown & Juneau Freight	8:40 p.m.	7:50 a.m.
Watertown	8:40 p.m.	7:50 a.m.
Evansville, Brookton, Oregon & Madison	6:30 a.m.
Winona & points in Minn. & Dak	6:30 a.m.
Evansville Madison Elroy	8:05 a.m.	12:05 p.m.
La Crosse Winona & St. Paul	10:50 a.m.	3:05 p.m.
Leyden, Oregons & Madison	8:10 a.m.	12:05 p.m.
Brooklyn Oregon & Madison	8:30 p.m.	7:20 p.m.
Evansville Madison St Paul & Duluth	9:30 p.m.	7:20 p.m.
Evansville Madison St Paul & Duluth	12:45 a.m.	7:20 p.m.
Winona & Dakota	12:45 a.m.	7:20 p.m.
Chgo Via Beloit & Harvard	7:30 a.m.
Chgo Via Beloit & Harvard	2:15 p.m.	15 p.m.

Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul.

Leave For.	Arrive From.
Chicago, Elgin, Rockford and Beloit	7:10 p.m.
Milwaukee Whitewater & Beloit	7:00 a.m.</

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE

THE OFFICIAL CITY PAPER

Entered at the postoffice at Janesville, Wis., as second class matter

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE NO. 77
Office Office.....7-2
Editorial Room.....7-3

Terms of Subscription.
Daily edition, one year.....\$6.00
Art of a year, per month.....50
Weekly edition, one year.....1.50

Special Advertising Notice.
We charge full rates for cards of thanks, obituary poems, financial statements of insurance companies, and all other class of items not considered news.
We publish free marriages, deaths, and obituary notices without poetry; also notices of church and society meetings.
We publish at half rates church and society notices of entertainments given for revenue.

THIS DAY IN HISTORY.

1603—Death of Queen Elizabeth; born 1533; James VI of Scotland succeeded, thus uniting the crowns.
1644—The commonwealth of Rhode Island founded.
1773—Philip Stanhope, earl of Chesterfield, author of famous letters, died; born 1694.
1801—Alexander I became czar of Russia, succeeding his father, Paul.
1808—Maria Felicia Garcia, famous as Mme. Mailbrun, singer, born in Paris; died 1836.
1810—Mary Taylor, English poet, died in Wootstock; born in Dublin 1773.
1844—Thorvaldsen, famous Danish sculptor, died at Copenhagen; born 1770.
1866—Marie Amelie de Bourbon, ex-queen of the French, died in exile at Claremont, England; born 1782.
1869—General Baron Jomini, famous writer on military science, died; born 1779.
1877—Thomas Walter Bagehot, writer and authority on economics and finance, died; born 1826.
1882—Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, poet, died in Cambridge, Mass.; born 1807.
1885—Jacob Thompson, a cabinet officer under Buchanan and afterward noted Confederate, died in Memphis; born 1810.
1887—General Samuel Miller Quincy, a Federal soldier, died in Boston; born there 1832.
1888—John T. Hoffman, ex-governor of New York, died in Wiesbaden, Germany; born 1828.
1890—New extradition treaty between Great Britain and the United States.
1892—Bland's free silver bill defeated in congress.

A STEADY IMPROVEMENT.

It is too early to look for great activity in trade, but the commercial reports show that the first two weeks of the new administration have been the best since last November. The news which comes of the reopening of factories in different parts of the country is a certain sign of the approach of better times. It is evident that the number of wage-earners is steadily increasing. Sales of stocks are growing, and prices are firmly maintained. At last there is a sign that railroad earnings, which have been down to low figures for the past twelve months, are on the upward turn. At present there is a rush by importers to get their goods out of bond so as to avoid any possible advance of duties by a preliminary tariff, but this always takes place when an increase of duties is in sight. Of course, it will have no unsettling effect on business. It will not create alarm anywhere. One consequence of this outpouring of goods from the bonded warehouses will be a heavy expansion in the volume of the duties this month, which will undoubtedly, for the time, abolish the deficits.

There is a general belief that the legislation which the republican party has started out to enact will restore the good times which the country had prior to 1863. This is the principal cause of the growth in business confidence which is seen in all localities. The country is on the eve of a great business expansion, everybody believes and consequently a feeling of hopefulness absent for four years has returned to the people.

There need be no fear about Secretary Sherman's having no "very definite settled opinion on foreign policy." He seems ready to back up the American consul general in Cuba and has shown no doubts as to the arbitration treaty. It will probably be shown before the administration is three months old that the head of the State Department knows what he wants and how to get it.

Prices are lower in Janesville than they were a year ago, but many fail to credit the cash system with its full influence in the matter. Every large store in the city is more nearly on a cash basis today than twelve months ago and can sell goods at a considerable percentage cheaper in consequence. As a result the city's trade circle is constantly widening.

William Ruger and John Winans went to Ottawa, Ill. today to argue the Clifford Best case before the Illinois supreme court. The decision of the appellate court not long ago was final as to questions of fact. It rests with the supreme court to put a final construction on the points of law involved. The arguments will be heard tomorrow.

The debate as to whether a \$600,000 or a \$3,000,000 capitol shall be built in Pennsylvania sounds foolish. As long as the \$600,000 capitol is sure to cost \$3,000,000 before it is finished there is a chance to satisfy both sides.

As 100 more Christians have just been butchered by the Turks there is every reason why England, Germany and France should reaffirm their approval.

The "crime of 1899" bids fair to be a surplus.

The result of the ward caucuses and the city convention make it cer-

tain that no republican will be found hanging back in the harness.

A COLUMN OF LOCAL GOSSIP.

STRAWBERRIES 25c a quart at Sanborns.

SECOND bicycle will be given away April 22

CHOICE lemons 15 cents a dozen at Sanborns.

35s pairs of ladies shoes \$1.17 at Richardson's.

EXCELLENT table honey only 10c a lb. at Sanborns.

ELEGANT fresh strawberries, only 25c a quart at Sanborns.

J. M. Bortwick & Sons ad today will bear careful reading.

THE robins are here, so are Bennett & Cram's spring style shoes.

KEEP Bort, Bailey & Co's special sale for next Friday in mind.

ALL the choice large bananas you want 10c a dozen at Sanborns.

PLENTY of oranges 10 cents a dozen, three for 25 cents at Sanborns.

ALL the bananas you can carry away for 10 cents a dozen. Sanborn & Co.

\$1.47 is knocked out and \$1.17 put in instead for those Richardson shoes.

ALL this week ladies shoes will be cheap at Richardson's, \$1.17 is the price.

SPECIAL sale of suits, skirts, capes and jackets at Bort, Bailey & Co's next Friday.

LIPTON'S famous Ceylon India tea 20 cents half pound and 35 cents pound cans at Sanborns.

GREATEST shoes you ever saw at \$1.47 even so what do you think of \$1.17. Richardson.

WE will be pleased to show you those new spring shoes ladies, for the asking. Richardson.

SANBORN'S Golden Lily baking powder is guaranteed the best and is much cheaper than others.

ARMOUR'S picnic hams 7 cents a pound and Armour's Star hams only 11 cents pound at Sanborns.

GET in line, boys, and secure a pair of those \$5 shoes for \$3.50. This offer does not last long. Bennett & Cram.

WE are receiving many compliments on our new spring stock of ladies shoes, ask to see them. Richardson's.

It takes a bargain to draw the masses. Our \$1.17 shoes for ladies are doing the business. Richardson's.

FOR a man's \$2, \$2.50 and \$3 shoe that has better value in it than any other same priced shoe in the city, go to Bennett & Cram's.

FRIDAY we will sell you suits and skirts at about the cost of the materials—and all the correct and popular styles. Bort, Bailey & Co.

REMEMBER that with every 50 cent cash purchase you get a free coupon on bicycle No. 2, to be given away April 22. Bennett & Cram.

Joseph Beifeld & Co's. entire line of spring garments will be on sale at our store Friday at special prices. Come and see them. Bort, Bailey & Co.

SPECIAL sale for tomorrow Premier chocolate equal to Bakers or any chocolate on the market, for Thursday sale, at 20 cents a pound. Winslow.

GRAND opening and special sale of ladies suits, skirts, capes and jackets for spring, Friday, March 26th. You are invited to attend. Bort, Bailey & Co.

If you want to get posted on the correct styles for spring in ladies suits, skirts, capes and jackets, attend our grand opening and special sale Friday. Bort, Bailey & Co.

MR. F. F. LEWIS representing James Beifeld & Co., will show a complete line of spring garments at our store next Friday. Every lady is invited to inspect the stock. Bort, Bailey & Co.

WE shall only add a small per cent to the wholesale cost of all garments at our special sale Friday. We can afford to do it, as we do not have to figure on the loss on garments we buy and do not sell. Bort, Bailey & Co.

WE are now showing the brightest and most beautiful patterns in cut glass to be found in the city. They are deep cut and delicate which cannot be found except by selecting the finest quality of blanks. F. C. Cook & Co.

LADIES will see a line of suits, skirts, capes and jackets for spring and summer wear at our store Friday that will be far ahead of any thing to be seen in the city this season. We invite every one to inspect the garment. Bort, Bailey & Co.

THE Lowell Hardware Co. tin shop is running full blast; tin and sheet iron work and stove repairing on short notice at the usual low prices. The storage warehouse is ready to receive storage stoves and the entire store will probably open Friday of this week. Keep your eye open for Lowell.

TODAY'S sale of curtains offers many special bargains in this line, and the usual success of these sales has been the result. Our Wednesday specials have obtained a firm hold upon the dry goods buyers, as their continued success shows. Always offering exceptional values in desirable lines brings the trade tide our way. Archie Reid & Co.

This is what Joseph Beifeld & Co. wrote to Bort, Bailey & Co. in regard to their suits and skirts: "We show the most complete line, embracing all the novelties of materials and shapes. We are in position to compete with any goods offered in the market, always keeping in mind the desirability of quality as well as prices. No larger line is shown by any one house; nor will we permit lower quotations." The above line at special sale at our store Friday, at a small percent advance over wholesale cost. Bort, Bailey & Company.

THE CHANGE OF LIFE.

INTELLIGENT WOMEN PREPARE FOR THE TRYING ORDEAL.

A Time When Women Are Susceptible to Many Dread Diseases.

The anxiety felt by women as the "change of life" draws near, is not without reason.

When her system is in a deranged condition, or she is predisposed to

apoplexy, or congestion of any organ, it is at this period likely to become active

and with a host of nervous irritations, make life a burden.

Cancer often shows itself, and does its destructive work.

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, headache, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears,

palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and in-

quietude, dizziness, etc., are promptly heeded by intelligent women who are

approaching the period in life where woman's great change may be expected.

Thousands at this critical time consult Mrs. Pinkham, and conduct their habits according to her advice,

and with the Vegetable Compound go through that distressing time with

perfect safety and comfort. Mrs. W. L. Day, of Bettsville, Ohio,

says:—"When all else failed, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved my life.

It carried me through the change of life all right, and I am now in good health. It also cured my husband of

kidney trouble."

BLIZZARD A SEVERE ONE.

The Trains Were Delayed by the Drifting Snow.

The March blizzard that was predicted for this section of the country struck the city last evening in all its

fury, the storm for the time being was one of the worst of the season. On both the Northwestern and St. Paul

roads trains were delayed. The midnight St. Paul passenger from Chicago was a half hour late because of the

drifting snow and strong wind while the morning passenger train was also behind time. The river during the past

twenty-four hours has been steadily rising.

For Economical People.

The sale of \$1.17 shoes for ladies we are having this week is a dandy for people who are after bargains. A

dollar saved is always a dollar earned. In buying these \$1.17 shoes you save

more than one dollar as none of them sold for less than \$3. We are making

this extremely low price to clean up the remaining stock and shoes are

going fast. If you would get a pair, hurry in. Richardson.

THE funeral of Mrs. Anna Blackard will be held at her late residence, No. 163 Milton ave. Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Berlin Has a Brilliant Day.

Berlin, March 24.—The weather was bright and warm Tuesday, the last of the celebration of the centennial of the

birth of Emperor William I. The streets were crowded, especially Unter den Linden, where the best view was

obtainable of the great procession. The procession was about three miles in

length, and it is estimated that over 40,000 persons took part in it. In view

of the patriotism evoked throughout Germany upon the occasion of the cen-

tennary, Emperor William has ordered that the new memorial medal be bestowed upon the veterans of 1866 and

1870-71.

PRESBYTERIAN Christian Endeavorers who attended the state convention at Madison last September, held a

reunion at the home of Misses Grace and Kate Kirk last evening.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS, STATE OF WISCONSIN, County Court for Jackson County, in Probate.

Notice is hereby given that at the regular term of the county court to be held in and for said county at the court house, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the first Tuesday of October, A. D. 1897, being October 5th, 1897, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matters will be heard, considered and adjusted:

All claims against John A. Falke, late of the city of Janesville, in said county deceased.

All such claims to be presented for allowance to said court, at the court house, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on or before the 23rd day of September, A. D. 1897, or be barred.

Dated March 24, 1897.

By the Court, J. W. SALE, County Judge.

wed March 24th

L. R. TREAT,

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance

Farms and City Property Bought, Sold and Exchanged.

List your property now and be ready for the spring boom.

ROOM 1, CARPENTER BLOCK.

A Handsome Complexion

is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess. FOSBROOK'S COMPLEXION POWDER gives it.

Spring Shoes Are Here:::

So are the robins; all pretty things are coming with the first warm days. Our shoes this spring are from the best manufacturers in the United States. They know what style should be, and the shoes show their knowledge. When we advertise a shoe we carry a complete line of the goods. No humpbacks, no chestnuts, no old shop worn shoes. We are determined to make our store the talk of the city in high-grade pretty shoes, and are using every effort to accomplish this end. We invite you to inspect the new stock.

Patent Leather Shoes for Men :::

We have more of them than we want, and to clean up the stock reduce the \$5.00 and \$6.00 kind to

\$3.50

Up to date—fine stock and simply bargains of the best kind.

Bennett and Cram, ON THE BRIDGE.

BICYCLE NO. 2 Will be given away April 22.

ALL THE NAME IMPLIES PEERLESS

True Merit Wins Success.

If you are looking for a good Typewriter examine the PEERLESS before purchasing.

BADGER TYPEWRITER & STATIONERY CO., 414 Broadway, Milwaukee, Wis., State Agent. I. H. Carpenter, Local Agent, Janesville, Wis.

Insist on the Genuine GOLD DUST

The best Washing Powder made. Best for all cleaning, does the work quickly, cheaply and thoroughly. Largest package—greatest economy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

We've Got Some NEW IDEAS

Let us put them in your Printing

GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

NO MORE TRUSSES FOR ME. RUPTURE CURED

IN 30 TO 60 DAYS. No Surgical Operation. No Sore Pain. No Loss of Time. No Need of Rest.

EXAMINATION FREE. Over 180 Persons Cured in Rockford, Ill., and vicinity during the past two years.

Sent for Circulars. WINN & SOVEREIGN, EXCLUSIVE OWNERS OF Fidelity Rupture Cure

Home Office, Brown Bldg., ROCKFORD, ILL.

AT JANESVILLE, WIS., EVERY TUESDAY. Office over Brown Bros. Shoe Store. 9:30 TO 12 A. M. AND 1 TO 5 P. M.

STRICTLY CASH PRICES AT NOLAN BROS.

22 lbs. Sugar.....	1 00
12 lbs. Oatmeal.....	25
Nice bright Table Syrup, per gal.....	15
4 1/2 lbs. strictly pure Lard.....	25
4 cans best Corn.....	25
Dairy Butter, guaranteed good as creamery.....	17
1 gal. can Apples.....	18
3 cans Peaches.....	25
8 qts. Beans.....	25
9 bars Kirk's Best Washing Soap.....	25
8 bars Cyclone Soap.....	25
8 bars White Nickel Soap.....	25
Pail Jelly.....	30
Fancy nice Lemons.....	12 1/2

NOLAN BROS.

Next, Grand Hotel, 'phone 172.

Johnson's Oriental Soap:::

A medicated soap equal to Cuticura. Two cakes in a package. Retail for 25 cents. For this week we will sell it for

10c a Package To Introduce It.

PALMER & BONESTEEL DRUGGISTS.

F. R. M. coupons on all cash purchases.

No Fooling About Meat.

Your daily order is safe with Kammer if you want

A STEAK, A CHOP, A ROAST, A BOILING piece. Our wagons take your orders every morning. All you do is telephone 219. We do the rest.

Corner Western and Center Ave Telephone 219.

..Weekly Sale..

Price's Baking Powder, 1 pound can.....	25c
Best canned salmon.....	7c
Honey drip syrup.....	10c
Best Japan tea.....	20c
Package coffee XXXX.....	12 1/2c
Tea dust 10 cents; 3 pounds.....	25c
Self-raising buckwheat, per package.....	5c
10 rounds cornmeal.....	7c
4 Star sugar syrup, per gallon.....	25c
Best canned corn.....	5c
Best table peaches, 3 pound can.....	8c
3 pound can tomatoes.....	7c
2 packages washing powder.....	5c
8 bars best soap.....	25c
Gold Dust.....	17c
Quart bottle ammonia.....	10c
1000 tooth picks.....	3c
Best table currants per pound.....	5c
Our 35 cent coffee this week.....	25c
Choice new prunes 5 cents; 6 pounds.....	25c
3 pound package starch.....	15c
1 lb. best glass starch.....	5c
Large pail jelly.....	29c
5 lbs. best evaporated apples.....	25c
Choice green tea.....	15c
Pineapple.....	7c
Fancy pig pork.....	10c
2 lbs. butterine.....	25c
5 lbs. cot olene.....	25c
5 lb. kettle lard.....	25c
Minnesota Patent flour.....	10c
Pure black pepper, guaranteed, per pound.....	10c
Fancy dried Bartlett pears, per pound.....	6c
Choice Carolina rice.....	5c
Bananas, per dozen.....	10c
Oranges, per dozen.....	10c
Cocoanuts, each.....	5c
Fancy mixed candies, per pound.....	3c
Come early and avoid the rush.	

THE BOSTON STORE.

S. B. HEDDLES IS CHOSEN TO HEAD CITY TICKET.

Republican City Convention
Held This Afternoon.

MEN ARE NAMED TO LEAD THE
HOSTS TO VICTORY.

President of the Council Was
the Delegates' Choice.

FIRST BALLOT DECIDES MAY-
ORALITY CONTEST.

George Palmer Named For Street Com-
missioner, A. E. Badger For Clerk,
C. L. Valentine For School Com-
missioner-at-Large, and G. H. Davey
for Sealer of Weights and Meas-
ures—W. W. Porter Chairman of
the City Committee.

The City Ticket.
Mayor.....STUART B. HEDDLES
City Clerk.....ARTHUR E. BADGER
Street Commissioner.....GEORGE PALMER
School Com'r-at-Large.....C. L. VALENTINE
Sealer of Weights and Measures.....G. H. DAVEY
Justice of the Peace.....L. F. PATTEN

First Ward.
Alderman.....WALTER S. RICE
Supervisor.....C. E. BOWLES
School Commissioner.....JAMES SHEARER
Constable.....JAMES L. HARPER

Second Ward.
Alderman.....S. C. BURNHAM
Supervisor.....C. D. CHILD
Constable.....A. K. CUTTS

Third Ward.
Alderman.....H. S. GILKEY
Supervisor.....J. L. BEAR
School Commissioner.....JOHN CUNNINGHAM
Constable.....WALLACE COCHRANE

Fourth Ward.
Alderman.....F. M. MARZLUFF
Supervisor.....JOHN M. WHITEHEAD
Constable.....DAVID LAWRENCE

Fifth Ward.
Alderman.....To Be Filled
Supervisor.....C. W. BLAY
School Commissioner.....J. G. WRAY

This is the republican ticket—city
and ward.
There was no vacant seat when the
convention was called to order this
afternoon. For one thing there are
not many seats in the council cham-
ber. All the chairs were filled by 1:30
and at 2 o'clock the standing room
had also been claimed.

There was not the high tension ap-
parent that has marked some city con-
ventions during the last few years.
Ward caucuses had shown the sen-
timent to be very largely one way. In
fact for the first time in a number of
years there was really no contest over
the head of the ticket.

Chairman O. F. Nowlan, of the re-
publican city committee, called the
convention to order shortly after 2
o'clock. Speakers' monopolized most
of the chairs as the delegates had to
stand up.

Chairman Nowlan was named to
preside over the convention and C. L.
Valentine went in as secretary. J.
L. Bear, P. J. Howland and A. E.
Rich were named as a committee on
credentials and reported the list named
hereafter.

Herman Lempke and Arthur E.
Jenkins were authorized to act as
tellers.

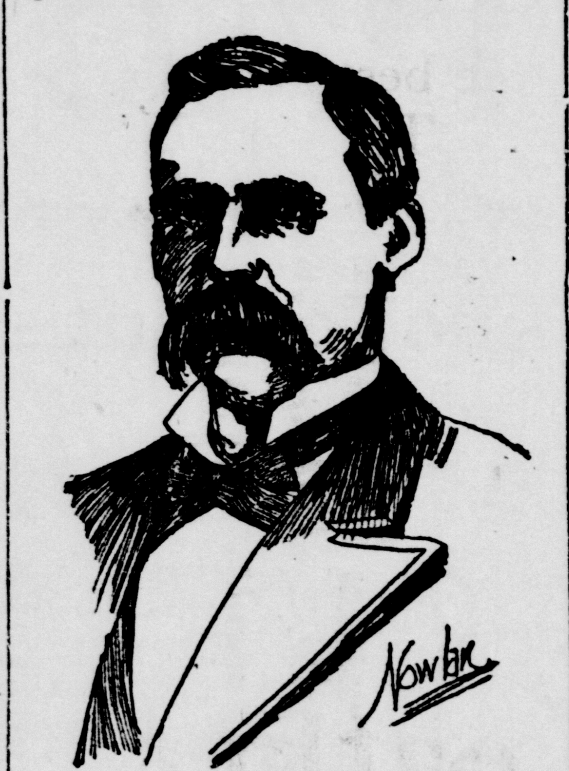
First Ballot Told the Story.
H. G. Arnold began the real work
of the convention by moving that an
informal ballot be taken for mayor.
The ballot resulted:

S. B. Heddles..... 19
C. D. Child..... 7
C. L. Valentine..... 9
John Thoroughgood..... 2

The first formal ballot resulted in
Mr. Heddles nomination, the vote
standing:

S. B. Heddles..... 31
C. L. Valentine..... 9
C. D. Child..... 6
W. G. Brandt..... 1
Blank..... 1

the first ballot and J. T. Wright one
on the third.
C. L. Valentine was declared the
nominee and the convention ad-
journd after naming a city commit-
tee headed by W. W. Porter and made
up as follows: First ward, H. G.



STUART B. HEDDLES.
Arnold; Second ward, A. E. Jenkins;
Third ward, J. L. Bear; Fourth ward,
P. J. Howland; Fifth ward, C. E.
Church.

CAUCUSES HELD LAST NIGHT
Republicans Name Ward Candidates and
Delegates to the Convention.

The republican caucuses were held
last night, and resulted as follows:
First Ward—G. H. Davey was
elected chairman, and W. F. Carle,
secretary. Nominations:
Alderman—Walter S. Rice.
Supervisor—C. E. Bowles.
School Com.—James Shearer.
Constable—James L. Harper.

Delegates—W. W. Porter, Frank
Fifield, W. H. Grove, E. J. Kent S.
M. Calkins, John Carpenter, H. G.
Arnold, M. F. Greene, J. T. Wright
and J. W. Clark.

Ward Committee—D. Conger, W.
W. Porter and Frank A. Spoon.
Second Ward—F. L. Clemens was
chosen as chairman, and J. C. Wil-
marth as secretary. Nominations:
Alderman—S. C. Burnham.
Supervisor—Clinton D. Child.
Constable—A. K. Cutts.

Delegates—C. L. Valentine, O. F.
Nowlan, A. E. Jenkins, C. J. Scottie,
Frank Willey, Lewis Trumble.

Ward committee—Fred H. Koebelin,
Arthur Jenkins, Lewis Trumble.
Third ward—E. D. McGowan was
chosen as chairman, and George J.
Davis as secretary. Nominations:
Alderman—H. S. Gilkey.
Supervisor—J. L. Bear.
School commissioner—John Cun-
ningham.

Constable—Wallace Cochrane.
Delegates—Charles L. Fifield, I. C.
Browell, L. C. Brewer, A. E. Rich,
J. C. Hill, George Hanthorn, S. B.
Kenyon, J. L. Bear, A. C. Munger and
Beaumont DeForst.

Ward committee—William G. Wheel-
er, John V. Norcross and Fred Green.
Fourth Ward—Dr. J. F. Pamber
was chosen as chairman and F. O.
Hasselton as secretary. Nominations:
Alderman—F. M. Marzluft.
Supervisor—J. M. Whitehead.
Constable—David Lawrence.

Delegates—W. G. Palmer, Dr. Jas.
Gibson, W. E. Spicer, Peter Howland,
Jas. Croft, Herman Lempke, St. Kent,
F. A. Richter.

Ward Committee—F. C. Hasselton,
St. Kent and W. S. Jeffris.
Fifth Ward—C. E. Church was
chosen as chairman and J. W. Hodg-
don as secretary. Nominations:
Alderman—To be filled by ward
committees.

Supervisor—C. W. Blay.
School Commissioner—Jmes G.
Wray.
Delegates—Nicholas Fredericks,
William G. Brandt, Thomas Mul-
cains and Charles E. Church.

Ward Committee—C. W. Blay, C. E.
Church and John O'Donnell.

DIED VERY SUDDENLY
Emmett Miles Passes Away From
Acute Bowel Trouble—Wife Does
Not Know It.

While being shaved in the Myers'
Horse barber shop, Saturday night,
Emmett H. Miles complained of sud-
den and severe pains in his stomach.
He was at once removed to his home,
109 Court street, and at 1:30 o'clock
this afternoon, he died.

J. E. CROFT HONORED BY THE GOVERNMENT

A BRONZE MEDAL FOR JANES-
VILLE MAN.

Congress Decorates The "Lone Gunner
of Allatona" For Bravery Shown
at the Battle at That Place—Gal-
lantury Not Forgotten Though Years
Had Passed.

On October 5, 1864, at Allatona, Ga.
James E. Croft of this city, then a
private in the Twelfth Wisconsin Bat-
tery, stood by his gun when all others
had fled. Since then Mr. Croft has
been known as the "lone gunner of Al-
latona."

Years have past, but Mr. Croft's
bravery has not been forgotten. His
comrades-in-arms remembered his con-
spicuous gallantry. D. R. Brand, a
member of the same company, now
living as Brookfield, Mo., set a move-
ment on foot, to have Mr. Croft's ser-
vices remembered.

The "lone gunner of Allatona" he
wrote, was more worthy than many
who had been decorated.
The handsome medal bestowed by
congress—that Mr. Croft received
within the last few hours, shows that
good deeds are not forgotten, though
time may fly. With the medal, came
the following letter from the colonel
in command of the record and pension
office at Washington, D. C.

Letter From Chief of Department.
Washington, D. C., March 20, 1897. Mr. James
E. Croft, Late Private Twelfth Wisconsin
Battery Light Artillery, Number 116 Lincoln Street,
Janesville, Wis.—Sir:

"I have the honor to inform you that, by di-
rection of the president and in accordance with
the act of congress approved March 3, 1863, pro-
viding for the presentation of medals of honor
to such officers, non-commissioned officers, and
privates as have most distinguished themselves
in action, the assistant secretary of war has
awarded you a medal of honor for most distin-
guished gallantry in action at Allatona, Ga.,
Oct. 5, 1864.

"In making the award the assistant secretary
used the following language:
"This soldier, when the battle was raging
fiercest and many of the cannonners had been
wounded and killed, among them being the
cannonner of his own section, instantly jumped
to the gun and took the gunner's place, inspir-
ing his comrades by his bravery and effective
gunnery which contributed largely to the de-
feat of the enemy."

"The medal has been forwarded to you today
by registered mail. Upon receipt of it please
advise this office thereof."

The medal that accompanied the
letter, was a handsome one. It was
made of bronze, and was shaped like a
Grand Army badge. The medal pro-
per was a star, and was suspended
from the bar with a red, white and
blue ribbon. On the back of the medal
was the inscription:

THE CONGRESS.
To Private James E. Croft For Gallantry at
Allatona, Ga., Oct. 5, 1864.

Mr. Croft is very much pleased by
receiving the medal, and well he may
be. It was probably the first one sent
out under President McKinley's ad-
ministration.

CHICAGO MARKETS BY WIRE.
Chicago, March 24—[Special]—
Our special crop reporter wires
Randolph and Jackson counties in
southwest corner of Illinois that the
wheat crop has been damaged from
40 to 45 per cent. We place great
reliance upon his judgment. At the
present we realize that it is absolutely
impossible to be sure about the dam-
age as yet. This is the territory
from which St. Louis gets its inspira-
tion about the crop damage and they
are buying large lines of wheat on
the strength of it. On the other hand
we get from what we

consider good authority reports
from Ohio and Michigan of the best
prospects ever known and on a large
acreage. The market has reflected
the bad reports from the St. Louis
district in a speculative demand for
the July option and neglect of the
May option and of course if the mar-
ket is to be governed by crop reports
then the speculative demand will out-
strip the legitimate demand and far
off futures will be the favorite invest-
ment, but in that event may wheat will
also advance and the extreme advan-
tage to the buyer of May instead of
July wheat can only be 3 cents and
probably not over 1½ cents, as the
May wheat will not be delivered. We
prefer however to base our views on
the legitimate situation rather than
on accidents and we have no desire to
retract anything that we have said in
preference of an invest in May or cash
wheat. The antics of specu-
lation and manipulation may win
for a short time but
legitimate consideration will win in
the end. Receipts at primary markets
are about the same as the average for
the past two weeks and export clear-
ances of wheat alone are 100,000
compond with 50,000 last week
and nothing two weeks ago and 28,000
three weeks ago, so it would seem as
though a demand has actually sprung
up again. The corn market is strong
and materially unchanged while the
inherent strength in provisions has
established a slight advance over yester-
day's prices.

R. LINDELOM.
Chicago Board of Trade quotations furnishes
The Gazette by Robert Lindelom & Co. to
Splan & Law Commission Co., No. 24 West
Milwaukee street.

	Opening.	High.	Low.	Close.
May Wheat.....	73½	74½	72½	72½
July Wheat.....	71½	71½	71½	71½
May Corn.....	24½	24½	24½	24½
July Corn.....	25½	25½	25½	25½
May Oats.....	17½	17½	17½	17½
July Oats.....	18½	18½	18½	18½
May Pork.....	\$8.77	\$8.77	\$8.65	\$8.77
July Pork.....	8.77	8.87	8.77	8.87
May Lard.....	4.20	4.25	4.20	4.25
May Short Ribs.....	4.62	4.67	4.62	4.67

Liverpool cables ¼ penny higher.
Minneapolis and Duluth receipts: Wheat 333
cars. Puts 72½. Calls 73½. Curb 73.
Chicago Car Lots: Wheat, 12, corn, 94, oats,
96, Chicago hogs 19,000. Estimated for tomor-
row, 17,000.

A NUMBER of local hunters spent the
day at Lake Koshkonong.

PEOPLE WHO COME AND GO.

A. A. JACKSON was in Madison.
S. SOVERHILL was in Stoughton.
W. A. JACKSON was in Milwaukee.
LEE BORT, of Beloit, was in town.
T. B. EARLE was here from Edger-
ton.
W. B. CONRAD has joined the Y. M.
C. A.
DR. H. B. ANDERSON was in from
Orford.
PROF. KOWALSKI was today up from
Chicago.

G. E. ELLIS was over from Monroe
for the day.
FRANK STOGN transacted business
in Edgerton.
C. A. SANBORN is in Chicago looking
up some grocery surprises.

ATTORNEY C. W. WRIGHT was here
from Monroe on legal business.
MAX SUBERT of Milwaukee, is look-
ing into the local tobacco market.
W. P. RYAN, a resident of St. Paul,
was the guest of local relatives today.

Mrs. C. L. HUDSON, of Mukwonago,
is the guest of her brother, L. Morse.
T. ROTHCHILD, the London tobacco
buyer, left this morning for Stoughton.
HARRY REYNOLDS is now occupying
his former home at 254 Prospect ave-
nue.

HENRY GAGEN is home from a trip
in Michigan for Thoroughgood &
company.
Miss ETHEL HALEY who is attend-
ing school at Evanston is home for
her vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor F. Richardson
are expected home from the south
next Saturday.
JONATHAN ELLIS, of the Rock River
Woolen Mills arrived in the city last
evening for Canada.

GEORGE CUNNINGHAM and wife left
this noon for Massachusetts where
they expect to reside.
Mr. and Mrs. George F. Kimball left
this morning for Chicago where they
will visit Mr. and Mrs. George R. Peck.

C. W. KEITH and H. S. Shields of
Kansas City, Mo., were in the city yester-
day, to attend the funeral of Mrs.
Janet Shields.
J. L. GREENE, of the tobacco firm
of J. L. and M. F. Greene left today
for the west and from there leaves
for Reading, Pa.

MADE A BIG SALE OF LEAF.
A. N. Jones and a Cigar Firm Reach
an Agreement.

A. N. Jones has held 308 cases of
1894 leaf to a big eastern cigar man-
ufacturing firm, the deal being the
largest one made of late.

CITY NEWS IN A PARAGRAPH
Two feet of snow fell near Harvard.
FREIGHT trains were late this morn-
ing.

EXAMINATIONS were being taken at
the high school today.
EXTRA section men were at work on
both railroads shoveling snow today.

THE Y. M. C. A. and Light Infan-
try teams played indoor base ball last
evening.
Miss NETTIE WOLFE, formerly of
this city, will open a millinery store
in Evansville.

THE Janesville Barb Wire Works
continue to make large shipments of
wire and nails.
The first rehearsal of the Janesville
Opera Company will be held at the
rooms of the Caledonian society at 8
o'clock this evening.

The finest and most complete line
of wall paper ever displayed in the
city, all new patterns; window shades,
wood and brass curtain poles and
room mouldings. No old goods. Ev-
erything new and up to date and ex-
prised are the lowest. The new book
store. W. J. Skelly, West Milwaukee
street.

Grand Spring Opening.
Next Friday, March 26, Mr. F. F.
Lewis representative of the well
known house of Jos. Beisfeld & Co.,
will be at our store with a complete
line of ladies suits, separate skirts,
coats and jackets. An opportunity
is given every lady to secure gar-
ments to better advantage than at any
time during the season. The line will
be much larger than could be carried
as stock by any merchants in the city
and the styles are late from Vienna
and Paris. Ladies who are particular
about having garments that cannot
be duplicated should give particular
attention to this sale and every one
who is interested in spring goods even
though they may not intend to buy
can certainly see some pretty things
at the display of Friday. We cordially
invite you to inspect the stock. Bort,
Bailey & Co.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength
and healthfulness. Assures the food against
all forms of adulteration common to
the cheap brands.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., New York.

A SUIT IS BEGUN BY MRS. A. AUSTIN

ASKS FOR A DIVORCE FROM HER
HUSBAND.

Charges That She Has Been Cruelly
Treated, and Not Provided with
Support—The Defendant Denies the
Charge, and the Case Will Be
Heard Next Month.

Mrs. Katherine Austin has begun le-
gal proceedings against her husband,
Alphas Austin for a divorce, charging
cruel and inhuman treatment, both
parties are residents of this city and
live on Caroline street, second ward.
Mr. Austin is the son of the late John
Austin, and on his death inherited a
fortune that is now invested in Rock
county real estate. Mr. Austin
was married about twelve years
ago to his present wife,
Mrs. Austin, in her complaint, says
that on several occasions her husband
has treated her cruelly, and in spite of
the fact that he is wealthy, failed to
give her barely enough money to live
on. These charges Mr. Austin denies
and furthermore, he says that he will
prove the fact that during his absence
from the city, his wife drew all the
money she needed with his own check
book from a local bank and that dur-
ing one month she had \$100.

In Commissioner L. F. Patten's
court, the case was up for a hearing,
and Mrs. Austin was given \$10 a
month and \$50 suit money.

The case promises to be sharply
fought and will be heard at the April
term of the court before Judge Ben-
nett. Attorney E. D. McGowan has
been engaged by Mr. Austin, while
Attorney E. F. Carpenter will look
after the interests of the plaintiff.

Lipton's Teas Are Good.
India teas are growing in favor each
day, because of their purity,
flavor and cheapness of
price. Enough tea of the
ordinary kinds to make one
cup of tea, if Lipton's teas
were used, two cups could be
had from the same amount.

India teas are not colored in
the least and are put up in air tight
cans, thereby retaining all the origi-
nal flavors. Half pound boxes sell
for 25 cents and the pound 35 cents.
Sanborn & Co.

Notice of Voting For or Against License
City of Janesville, City Clerk's Office, March
17, 1897.—Notice is hereby given, that at a mu-
nicipal election, to be held in the several wards
and voting precincts of the city of Janesville on
the 6th day of April, 1897, there will be sub-
mitted to the electors of said city the question
whether or not any person shall be licensed to
deal or traffic in any spirituous malt or intoxicat-
ing liquors or drinks as a beverage in said
city.
Clerk of the City of Janesville.

Ladies' Gloves
For Spring.....
New styles are in—pretty
shades and reliable makes
The "Alexander"
For Dress Wear:
is of great worth. Ladies
are acquainted with this
make of gloves. It is of
the most delicate shades,
and sells at \$1.50.

THE ONLY GLOVE
FOR SHOPPING is the Daven-
port. Patent fastener, heavy stitched
black, perfect fitting, and one of the
best wearing gloves made, every
pair warranted, \$1.00.

If every glove to the hand before
it leaves the store. Novelties in silk
and Taffeta gloves—4 button—with
stitching on back, either black or
white, they are new to Janesville,
prices 50c and 60c.
Full line of Children's gloves.

HELEN : SERVATIUS,
Exclusive Ladies' Furnisher,
21 W. Milwaukee Street.
New line of Shirt Waists just in.

So Much
FOR : : :
So Little.
That's our way of doing
business. That's the reason
we are going to offer you
\$7.00, \$8.00 and \$9.00
Pants for

\$5.00,
\$6.00 and
\$7.00.

You can't afford to miss
this opportunity. You will
think as we do when you
see them.

They Are Ready
For You Now....

J. L. FORD & SON,
Tailors and
Furnishers.

The Best
Toilet Paper....
AND THE CHEAPEST
PRICES. . . .

Large roll fine tissue 10c; 3
for 20c.
Club House, 10c; 3 for 25c.
Pure Tissue, 15c; 2 for 25c.
Pond's Extract, 25c package

Snow, Slushy Pavements, Raw Air. . . .

Prolific sources of coughs and
colds—one of them probably
the cause of the cold that is
now troubling you. Don't
neglect it. Don't think it
will wear away. Nature
never forgives or forgets.
You'll be forced to pay the
penalty of neglect sometime.
You make yourself believe
that it is too trifling to call a
physician—BUT, is it not
too serious to be neglected?
Take SMITH'S WILD CHERRY
COUGH BALSAM at
once. It will do the work.

Price—25 and 50c....
SMITH'S PHARMACY.
Kodak Agents.

RIDERS' RACKET STORE..

Children's steel wagons, \$1.
\$1.25, \$1.50.
Children's iron wheelbarrows
65c.
Children's stick horses, 15c.
Children's Books, Blocks,
Games, Marbles, Tops, Horns
Dolls, Jumping Hopes, Tea
Set, Drums, Doll Carriages,
Penny Toys, School Sup-
plies
Large 3-seeded tinware broom,
15c. Good Tinware and
Kitchen utensils were never
so cheap.
Try our uncolored Japan Tea,
25c.
Corn and Gloss Starch, 1-lb
papers, 4c.
Big box Bluing or big cake of
scurding Soap, 5c.

RIDER'S, near Grand Hotel
163 W. Milwaukee St.

ALUMINUM MANDOLINS and GUITARS.

Beautiful tone and far ahead of
the wood instruments in amount
of not warping and cracking.
We invite you in to see them.

S. C. BURNHAM & CO.,
Jewelers and Music Dealers.
STORAGE
Dry and safe, for Pianos, Furniture, Etc. in con-
nection with Schwartz' Freight Line. Safes and
Pianos—specialties. Quick service, reasonable
prices. Leave orders at Smith's drug stor
Residence 202 Locust street.

C. W. SCHWARTZ.
BOILERS.....
Copper Bottom No. 9..... 90c
All Copper No. 9..... \$2.00
12 quart Granite Pail..... 50c
Granite Kettle, 5 quart..... 35c
Granite ware of all descrip-
tions at proportionate prices.
Bissell Carpet Sweeper, best made \$2.00
E. HALL,
53 W. Milwaukee St. JANESVILLE

MRS. G. H. HOLLIDAY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Special attention to diseases
of women and children.
73 E. Milwaukee St. Telephone 246.

E. T. Fish Freight Line.
Leave orders at C. D. STEVEN'S Drug Store,
or Residence Telephone 202, for hauling Pianos,
Safes, Boilers, House Furniture, Etc. light.
Promptness and Prices reasonable.

Piano Tuning.
The State School for Blind is prepared to send
out piano tuners on short notice to do work in
the city. The class now under instruction by
Mr. Gable, has connected with it some young
men who are experts, after taking a four years
course. I will personally guarantee this work.
Orders will receive prompt attention.
Telephone 25. H. F. BLISS, Supt.

R. R. POWELL,
DENTIST.
HOURS: 9 to 12 a. m. JANESVILLE
1 to 5 p. m.
West Milwaukee Street's millinery store.
Over Mrs. Woodcock's millinery store.

The Best
Toilet Paper....
AND THE CHEAPEST
PRICES. . . .

Large roll fine tissue 10c; 3
for 20c.
Club House, 10c; 3 for 25c.
Pure Tissue, 15c; 2 for 25c.
Pond's Extract, 25c package

We make a specialty of good
toilet papers.
EMPIRE DRUG STORE,
A. E. RICH, 14 South M in Street

HOW WEARY IS OUR HEART:

Of kings and courts, of kingly, courtly ways
In which the life of man is bought and sold,
How weary is our heart these many days!

Of ceremonious embassies that hold
Parley with hell in fine and silken phrase,
How weary is our heart these many days!

Of wavering counselors neither hot nor cold,
Whom from his mouth God speweth, be it told
How weary is our heart these many days!

Yea, for the raveled night is round the lands,
And sick are we of all the imperial story,
The tramp of power, and its long trail of pain;
The mighty brows in meanest arts grown weary;

The mighty hands
That in the dear, affronted name of peace
Bind down a people to be racked and slain;
The emulous armies waxing without cease,
All puissant, all in vain;
The pacts and leagues to murder by delays,
And the dumb throngs that on the deaf thrones
Gaze;

The common, loveless lust of territory;
The lips that only babble of their mart,
While to the night the shrieking hamlets blaze;
The bought allegiance and the purchased
praise,
False honor and shameful glory—
Of all the evil whereof this is part,
How weary is our heart—
How weary is our heart these many days!

—William Watson.

A COMPROMISE.

I had dined with St. Croix, and we were now on our way to some uninteresting people who were giving a dance. Since entering the cab the conversation had slackened. Apparently we both possessed ample food for reflection. As we rattled over some stories St. Croix suddenly shouted in my ear:

"You'll see her tonight, Ingram."

I had returned from the country that morning. Still deep in my thoughts, I replied:

"No such luck. She is a hundred miles from town, and"—

I stopped abruptly, as I caught a glimpse of his face. Fortunately he had not noticed my observation. "So," I continued, grasping the situation, "you have once again decided that the feminine interest in your life should be centered in one?"

"Ingram, old chap," he said solemnly, "it's serious this time." (I had heard this remark made before under similar circumstances.)

"I sincerely trust it is!" I replied.

A good looking, wealthy man, past 30, has no right to be unmarried.

"This has happened while I have been away?" I added.

He nodded.

"And the maiden is"—I began.

St. Croix actually looked confused.

"Well, she's hardly"—he said awkwardly, "that is—of course she's young—well, the fact is, she's a widow."

I glanced at him reproachfully.

"Any—or?"

"No, no," he replied hurriedly. "Of course there are no children. Why, man, she's only young herself—husband died in India—fever, snake bite or some other handy thing of that kind. Oh, no," he went on, with a smile, "I couldn't do it if there were any children!"

"Have you actually proposed to her?"

"Not yet," he replied thoughtfully, "but I feel that it is as good as settled. Ingram," he continued, with an air of enthusiasm, "she's adorable. She"—

"My dear St. Croix," I said, "these confidences remind me of the good old days."

"Ah!" he replied, with a sigh. "This is no boyish flirtation!"

"By Jove!" he cried as an idea struck him. "You two will get on capitally together! Having both been in India, you will be able to"—

"Chat about her husband?" I suggested.

St. Croix looked serious.

"Poor child!" he said in a compassionate tone. "She must have been very unhappy during that time."

It is strange how men generally refer to their wives' first marriages in this way.

"We are admirably suited," he continued, his face lighting up. "I am 30, and she—well, I should say she is 25. A man should be a year or so older than his wife."

"Yes," I agreed. "She is very young for a widow."

"Much too young," replied St. Croix. "That's one reason why she should marry again."

"True," I said. "How long has it been going on?"

He considered for a few moments.

"I first saw her," he said slowly, "at 10 minutes to 9 on Monday last week."

"My dear fellow," I exclaimed, "you must hurry up matters. The lady will positively weary of the courtship."

Just then the cab drew up with a jerk.

"Here we are," said St. Croix. "Jump out!"

After greeting our hostess we separated. Several people of my acquaintance were there, and I had to go through the usual number of duty dances. Presently I saw St. Croix coming toward me.

"Ingram," he said, taking me by the arm, "come with me."

There is nobody so exacting as the man in love.

"She is waiting to be introduced to you," he said as we made our way to the conservatory. Here, in a secluded corner (for St. Croix was experienced in these matters), we found the lady.

"Mrs. Fordyce," said St. Croix, "allow me to"—

"Mrs. Fordyce!"

I looked at her, then burst out laughing.

"Dr. Ingram!" she exclaimed.

"You know one another?" cried St. Croix, with a puzzled look.

"Why," I said, "I have known Mrs. Fordyce since"—

"Yes, Dr. Ingram and I are quite old friends," she interrupted, with a glance at me.

I understood.

"That is jolly!" St. Croix said heartily.

"I am not sure that Mrs. Fordyce agreed with him entirely."

The strains of a waltz came through the open doors. St. Croix looked at his programme.

"Bother!" he cried. "It's my dance

with the daughter of the house. Will you kindly look after Mrs. Fordyce, Ingram?"

"I should be delighted," I replied, and he hurried off.

As soon as he had disappeared I turned to Mrs. Fordyce.

"It's all very odd," I remarked.

"What?" she queried. "That you should turn out to be the friend Mr. St. Croix has been talking to me about?"

I smiled, the quaintness of the whole matter seeming infinitely amusing to me.

"No," I said; "that you should be the lady whose charms he has been describing to me."

She blushed. I gazed at her critically.

"Pon my word," I exclaimed at length, "it is positively marvelous to think that it is close upon"—

"That is just what I don't want you to think, doctor," she interrupted.

"But, my dear Mrs. Fordyce, you actually look younger and more beautiful than you did when we were together at Simla!"

She laughed.

"We have always been in the habit of speaking plainly to one another."

"Yes," I agreed. "It saves time."

She gave me a nervous little glance.

"Oh," I said reassuringly, "I am your friend!"

She was playing with the edge of her fan.

"A woman is only as old as she looks," she observed, "and I was married at an extremely early age."

"St. Croix was perfectly justified in his estimate—25 he told me," I said, with a laugh. "But that is a detail. The thing that will surprise him most will be the fact that Clare exists!"

She looked at me with a smile.

"Ah, you have met her at the Roscoes?"

"Yes; I found my little 10-year-old sweetheart of Simla had grown into a dainty young lady of 18! How is it," I continued, "that St. Croix is ignorant of her existence?"

"Well, he assumed I had no children, and I—I could not summon up enough courage to tell him afterward. You see what a difficult position I am in?" she added plaintively.

"Yes, it is difficult," I agreed. "The unexpected appearance of a full grown daughter upon the scene might prove too heavy a strain at this critical stage of his love. A girl of 18 is a responsibility," I added.

All this time I had been hugging to myself some special intelligence. I thought it was about time to bring matters to a head.

"Mrs. Fordyce," I said, "do you really care for St. Croix?" She did not reply for a moment.

"Yes," she said simply. "I really love him. Oh, can't you suggest something?" and she looked at me pleadingly.

"Yes," I said quietly. "We will help one another. Have you heard from Clara today?" I continued.

Her hand went to her pocket.

"Why, yes," she said. "A letter came as I was going out. I have not read it yet."

"Would you oblige me by doing so, as you have it with you?"

She drew an envelope from her pocket, opened it and smoothed the letter out. As she read it a smile came over her face.

"My dear doctor," she exclaimed, "do you think one so young as Clara will make you happy?"

"Did she not settle it in Simla years ago that she would marry nobody but the doctor?" I replied. "Have I mamma's consent?"

She laughed happily.

"Really," I said, glancing at her, "I hardly know whether I'm talking to Clara or her mother."

St. Croix rejoined us.

"St. Croix," I said to him quietly, after a minute or so, "I have been meddling in your affairs—with a good result," I added.

He turned with a glad look of surprise to Mrs. Fordyce.

"Is it 'Yes?' " he murmured.

"It's for you to say, after hearing the doctor," she replied softly.

"The one condition is," I said abruptly, "that you agree to become my father-in-law!"

He seemed to be quite surprised. I tendered a few simple words of explanation.

St. Croix glanced at Mrs. Fordyce—she was looking radiantly beautiful—and then did the most intelligent thing he ever did in his life—accepted my proposal.—Magnet Magazine.

M. Zola on London.

M. Zola doubts whether he will write a book about London. He says: "If I were to do anything in that way, it would be based on what I saw of London's great waterway, the Thames, which has been the source of all the wealth, power and grandeur of the capital of England. Whoever has not seen the Thames cannot explain the greatness of London, whose heart and pulse it is. I should certainly be attracted by the Thames in anything I might be induced to write. I do not know the people, however. They are perfect strangers to me. I was comparatively at home in Rome, you know. It was to me as the south of France, where I was brought up. I could enter into the spirit of a kindred Latin race, to which I partly belong; but England is different. That bit of seething water, the channel, between us and Albion is an abyss—a gulf which separates the two countries morally as well as materially. No, I really think that I can do nothing deep with England any more than I can with America, which people are asking me to visit. It would take years to study these countries, and I am no longer young."

An Insinuation.

"No," said the patient woman, with the aspect of the born saint, "I should not like to assert that he regards his newspaper as his Bible. I am sure that he believes his newspaper."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Dangers of the Grip.

The greatest danger from La Grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for a gripe, we have to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of that dread disease. It will effect a permanent cure in less time than any other treatment. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale at C. D. Stevens' Pharmacy, Corner Main and Milwaukee streets.

From Cripple Creek.

After the big fire in Cripple Creek, I took a severe cold and tried many remedies without help, the cold only becoming more settled. After using three small bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, both the cough and cold left me, and in this high altitude it takes a meritorious cough remedy to do any good.—G. B. Henderson, editor Daily Advertiser. For sale at C. D. Stevens' Pharmacy, Corner Main and Milwaukee streets.

Rheumatism Quickly Cured.

After having been confined to the house for eleven days and paying out \$25 in doctor bills without benefit, Mr. Frank Dolson of Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., was cured by one bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm costing 25 cents and has not since been troubled with that complaint. For at C. D. Stevens' Pharmacy, Corner Main and Milwaukee streets.

FORECLOSURE SALE—THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY—Helen A. Ward, plaintiff, vs. The Spring Brook Improvement Company, George L. Carrington, Sarah H. Carrington, George J. Hitchcock and James J. Hall, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered in the above entitled action at a regular term of the circuit court for Rock county, Wisconsin, on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1896, in favor of the above named plaintiff, and against the above named defendants, I shall offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the front door of the postoffice in the city of Janesville, Rock county, Wisconsin, on the 22d day of March, A. D. 1897, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the following described lands and premises in and by said judgment of foreclosure directed to be sold, situated in the city of Janesville, county of Rock and state of Wisconsin, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots numbered one (1), two (2), three (3), eight (8), ten (10), twelve (12), four (4), one hundred twenty-seven (127), two hundred twenty-five (225), two hundred thirty-two (232), all being in Spring Brook addition to Janesville, according to the duly recorded plat thereof, all of said lots being in the City of Janesville, County of Rock and state of Wisconsin, together with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging, or so much thereof as will be necessary to pay said judgment and costs and costs of sale.

Dated, Feb. 2, 1897.

THEO. L. ACHESON,
Sheriff of Rock Co., Wis.

SUTHERLAND & NOLAN,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
P. O. Address, Janesville, Rock Co., Wis.
w3dow

The above sale is adjourned to the 21st day of April, 1897, at 9 o'clock a. m., at same place.

THEO. L. ACHESON,
Sheriff of Rock Co., Wis.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS, STATE OF WISCONSIN, County Court for Rock County In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that at the regular term of the county court to be held in and for said county, at the court house in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the first Tuesday of October, A. D. 1897, being October 5th, 1897, at 9 o'clock, a. m., the following matters will be heard, considered and adjusted: All claims against Elizabeth Wilson, late of the city of Janesville, in said county deceased. All such claims must be presented for allowance to said court, at the court house, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on or before the 16th day of Sept., A. D. 1897, or be barred.—Dated March 16, 1897.

By the Court,
J. W. SALE, County Judge.
Angie J. King, attorney.
wedmar17d4w

OUR BARGAIN COUNTER

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.



contains the largest and best assortment of goods that can be found in any Crocker and Housefurnishing Goods store. Economical housewives, who love to have everything bright and shiny about the kitchen, will find it to their advantage to consult us for up to date goods at right prices. Cooking shells 50c dozen. Perfection Egg Cookers.

WHELOCK'S.

Your Stomach Distresses You

after eating a hearty meal, and the result is a chronic case of Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Dyspepsia, or a bilious attack.

RIPANS TABULES

Promote Digestion, Regulate the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, Purify the Blood, and are a Positive Cure for Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, and all other Diseases arising from a disordered condition of the Liver and Stomach. They act gently yet promptly, and perfect digestion follows their use.

Ripans Tablets take the place of an Entire Medicine Chest, and should be kept for use in every family.

Price, 50 Cents a box. At Druggists, or by mail, RIPANS CHEMICAL CO., 10 SPRUCE ST., NEW YORK.

The desire for low prices is at present universal. Advertising chiefly of special offers is eagerly read. Bargains are the order of the day.

To the Young Face

Pozzoni's COMPLEXION POWDER gives fresher charms; to the old, renewed youth. Try it.

ANOTHER WHACK.

\$1.47 price knocked out

\$1.17

the figures that will take the remainder of the \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 shoes. Not a pair in the lot that cost us less than \$2.25 wholesale. About 350 pair left, many good sizes and at the

\$1.17

price the biggest shoe bargain ever heard of. Don't take our word for it though; come in and see for yourselves. Not an out of date shoe in the lot; no old shelf or shop worn goods: every pair desirable. You will find in the lot

M. K. \$3.00 and \$3.50 Pic and Round Toe, \$1.17
Welts, \$3.50 and \$4.00 Tokio and Razor Tod, 1.17
Welts, \$4.00 Round Toe, - - - 1.17
M. K. lace and button \$3.00 and \$3.50 round toe, 1.17
Turns, J. & T. Cousins \$4.00 and \$4.50 pic toe, 1.17
Cloth Top turn lace \$4.50 round toe, - 1.17
Vici Kid turn lace \$4.00 - - - 1.17
Welts, lace and button \$3.50 and \$4.00 Tokio toe, 1.17
button turns \$4.00, - - - 1.17
button turns, crimp vamp, \$4.00 square toe, 1.17
lace turns, crimp vamp, \$4.00 square toe, 1.17

Good time to look over

SPRING GOODS!

ladies; we are receiving new shoes every day; every person who has looked at them so far is delighted with them; they are the cream of the city for this season, You won't regret the investment of

\$1.17

THE A. RICHARDSON SHOE CO.

C. O. D. Shoe Dealers.

THE BEDOUIN AT HOME

ARABS OF THE DESERT AND THEIR HOSPITALITY.

Their Life Bears the Closest Resemblance to That of the Patriarchs in Old Testament Times—Their Domesticity.



AN ENGLISH artist, R. Talbot Kelly, writes for the Century a paper entitled "In the Desert with the Bedouin," for which the author furnishes a number of striking illustrations. In describing his visit to an Arab chief, Mr. Kelly says: On reaching camp my reception was most gratifying—a perfect blending of respectful solicitude and hospitable welcome. After kissing my hand, the sheik assisted me to dismount, bidding me welcome, and saying that my visit brought a blessing on his house. Conducting me to my tent, he added: "This house is yours, and all it contains; do what you will with it and with your servants"—a truly biblical greeting, and one which immediately suggested the days of Abraham; an illusion heightened when water was brought, and hands, face, and feet were washed before I was left to rest on the cushions in the tent, and the sheik retired to prepare the evening meal. Under the Mohammedan code three days' hospitality is a right wayfarers may demand, though in the case of accepted friends the royal bounty of the host heaps favor after favor upon the guest, without stint or limitation. Probably the first distinct impression I received from the Bedouin was the close resemblance of their life to that of Old Testament times. Their loose, flowing robes added to their naturally tall and imposing appearance, and their strong, majestic faces, slightly Jewish in type, together with their gracious old-world courtesies, irresistibly suggested the patriarchs of old. Their lives, thoughts, sayings and occupations remain unchanged through all these centuries, and the incidents and conversations of my daily intercourse with them were Abrahamian in character. Though nomads, the Arabs are rovers from necessity rather than from choice, and where fodder and water are found in sufficient abundance they form permanent camps, surrounding their tents with a compound of durra stalks, and frequently building stone or mud lodges for their guests. When on the march they are content with very small tents, easily packed and carried, but in their permanent camps their homes are of regal proportions. The one I occupied covered some two thousand square feet, and was about eleven feet high in the center, sloping to five feet or so at the sides. The tent cloth was, as usual, made of goat-hair, and party-colored in broad stripes of black, green, maroon, blue and white, while from the seams depended tassels from which other cloths are hung to divide the tent into separate apartments when occupied by a family. The furniture is simple. Rugs are spread over the sand, and reclining cushions scattered about them. In the corner is a zeer, or large water-pot, and by it a cubi yeh, or drinking-cup, of brass or copper. Round the side of the tent is a row of painted boxes, in which are packed the household goods and chattels when moving, while a few quaintly wrought lamps, and, half buried in the sand, a large earthen bowl used as a fireplace, complete the list. Very domestic in their habits, everything about them has personal associations. The tent-cloths are spun, dyed, and woven by their women and children, as also are their saddle-cloths and trappings; and these are so highly prized by them that money cannot buy the simplest product of their wives' industry, though they may give them freely in token of friendship. Generally married to one wife, the Bedouin regards her and her children with a devotion not general among Orientals, and I believe that the Arab word watan is the only real equivalent in any language for the English word "home."

Two of Archbishop Benson's Stories. The late archbishop of Canterbury had many good stories to tell. Two are recalled by his private secretary, Mandeville B. Phillips, in some "Personal Reminiscences," which he contributed to the January number of the London Sunday Magazine. One concerned Archbishop Tait's coachman, who was a very original character. One day a clergyman who called at the palace asked him whether he had still as much to do as ever. The answer was sublime. "There's always a goodish bit doing, sir, but it's been a trifle easier since we took young Mr. Parry into the business!" The Right Rev. Edward Parry had recently been appointed bishop suffragan of Dover. Another of the archbishop's stories, also of a coachman, will be new to many. A gentleman living in the neighborhood of Addington, finding that the stablemen were not in the habit of attending church, spoke to his coachman about it. "They ought to go," he said. "That's just what I say myself," was the rejoinder. "I says to them: 'Look at me; I go and what harm does it do me?'"—Exchange.

Good Judges of Character. Passenger (alighting from cab)—"What's the charge?" Cabman—"£1." Passenger—"Well, that's quite reasonable. I knew by your face that you wouldn't try to be extortionate." Cabman—"Thankie. I knew by your face that you'd be too mean to pay more than the legal fare without a lawsuit."—New York Weekly.

Thin Fabrics Made Over Silk—Red in All Shades.

The bolero can hardly be said to have had its day, for it is still seen everywhere and in all shapes, sizes and styles, but it is no longer the one accessory of all accessories. The dalmatic is newer and promises to soon be a formidable rival. Lace, embroidery, silk and velvet dalmatics, the heavier materials being enriched with soutache—dalmatics of cloth adorned with embroidery and of thin, beaded tissues—for summer are a novelty of the season and are seizing on public favor.

All bodices of thin material—tulle, gauze, mousseline de soie or crepe de chine—should be made over silk if they are to look well.

White, cream, pearl and putty colored gloves are still the recognized wear for formal occasions. Lemon tones have also begun to appear.

The newest skirts are straight in the middle of the back instead of having a

bias seam. They are much narrower in circumference, the front being quite flat and plain. The diminution is continuing with that of sleeves, but the latter have collapsed more rapidly and farther than skirts have done, although, no doubt, we shall soon return to the sheath style again, which is a becoming fashion for a pretty figure, but a most unfavorable one for angles.

Today's picture illustrates a wedding costume of white satin. Like most wedding gowns now, it is cut in princess style and is exceedingly plain. The train is rounded. The gown closes at the left side, the bodice being slightly draped under small clusters of orange blossoms and the closing being followed by a ruffle of lace, which is continued down the skirt to the foot. The sleeve is slightly bouffant at the top, being gathered under a small bunch of orange blossoms. A frill of lace finishes the neck and wrists, at which orange flowers are also placed. A diadem of orange blossoms is worn in the hair under the veil.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

COMING FASHIONS.

Thin Fabrics Made Over Silk—Red in All Shades.

The bolero can hardly be said to have had its day, for it is still seen everywhere and in all shapes, sizes and styles, but it is no longer the one accessory of all accessories. The dalmatic is newer and promises to soon be a formidable rival. Lace, embroidery, silk and velvet dalmatics, the heavier materials being enriched with soutache—dalmatics of cloth adorned with embroidery and of thin, beaded tissues—for summer are a novelty of the season and are seizing on public favor.

All bodices of thin material—tulle, gauze, mousseline de soie or crepe de chine—should be made over silk if they are to look well.

White, cream, pearl and putty colored gloves are still the recognized wear for formal occasions. Lemon tones have also begun to appear.

The newest skirts are straight in the middle of the back instead of having a

bias seam. They are much narrower in circumference, the front being quite flat and plain. The diminution is continuing with that of sleeves, but the latter have collapsed more rapidly and farther than skirts have done, although, no doubt, we shall soon return to the sheath style again, which is a becoming fashion for a pretty figure, but a most unfavorable one for angles.

Today's picture illustrates a wedding costume of white satin. Like most wedding gowns now, it is cut in princess style and is exceedingly plain. The train is rounded. The gown closes at the left side, the bodice being slightly draped under small clusters of orange blossoms and the closing being followed by a ruffle of lace, which is continued down the skirt to the foot. The sleeve is slightly bouffant at the top, being gathered under a small bunch of orange blossoms. A frill of lace finishes the neck and wrists, at which orange flowers are also placed. A diadem of orange blossoms is worn in the hair under the veil.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

COMING FASHIONS.

Thin Fabrics Made Over Silk—Red in All Shades.

The bolero can hardly be said to have had its day, for it is still seen everywhere and in all shapes, sizes and styles, but it is no longer the one accessory of all accessories. The dalmatic is newer and promises to soon be a formidable rival. Lace, embroidery, silk and velvet dalmatics, the heavier materials being enriched with soutache—dalmatics of cloth adorned with embroidery and of thin, beaded tissues—for summer are a novelty of the season and are seizing on public favor.

All bodices of thin material—tulle, gauze, mousseline de soie or crepe de chine—should be made over silk if they are to look well.

White, cream, pearl and putty colored gloves are still the recognized wear for formal occasions. Lemon tones have also begun to appear.

The newest skirts are straight in the middle of the back instead of having a

bias seam. They are much narrower in circumference, the front being quite flat and plain. The diminution is continuing with that of sleeves, but the latter have collapsed more rapidly and farther than skirts have done, although, no doubt, we shall soon return to the sheath style again, which is a becoming fashion for a pretty figure, but a most unfavorable one for angles.

Today's picture illustrates a wedding costume of white satin. Like most wedding gowns now, it is cut in princess style and is exceedingly plain. The train is rounded. The gown closes at the left side, the bodice being slightly draped under small clusters of orange blossoms and the closing being followed by a ruffle of lace, which is continued down the skirt to the foot. The sleeve is slightly bouffant at the top, being gathered under a small bunch of orange blossoms. A frill of lace finishes the neck and wrists, at which orange flowers are also placed. A diadem of orange blossoms is worn in the hair under the veil.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

COMING FASHIONS.

Thin Fabrics Made Over Silk—Red in All Shades.

The bolero can hardly be said to have had its day, for it is still seen everywhere and in all shapes, sizes and styles, but it is no longer the one accessory of all accessories. The dalmatic is newer and promises to soon be a formidable rival. Lace, embroidery, silk and velvet dalmatics, the heavier materials being enriched with soutache—dalmatics of cloth adorned with embroidery and of thin, beaded tissues—for summer are a novelty of the season and are seizing on public favor.

All bodices of thin material—tulle, gauze, mousseline de soie or crepe de chine—should be made over silk if they are to look well.

White, cream, pearl and putty colored gloves are still the recognized wear for formal occasions. Lemon tones have also begun to appear.

The newest skirts are straight in the middle of the back instead of having a

bias seam. They are much narrower in circumference, the front being quite flat and plain. The diminution is continuing with that of sleeves, but the latter have collapsed more rapidly and farther than skirts have done, although, no doubt, we shall soon return to the sheath style again, which is a becoming fashion for a pretty figure, but a most unfavorable one for angles.

Today's picture illustrates a wedding costume of white satin. Like most wedding gowns now, it is cut in princess style and is exceedingly plain. The train is rounded. The gown closes at the left side, the bodice being slightly draped under small clusters of orange blossoms and the closing being followed by a ruffle of lace, which is continued down the skirt to the foot. The sleeve is slightly bouffant at the top, being gathered under a small bunch of orange blossoms. A frill of lace finishes the neck and wrists, at which orange flowers are also placed. A diadem of orange blossoms is worn in the hair under the veil.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

COMING FASHIONS.

Thin Fabrics Made Over Silk—Red in All Shades.

The bolero can hardly be said to have had its day, for it is still seen everywhere and in all shapes, sizes and styles, but it is no longer the one accessory of all accessories. The dalmatic is newer and promises to soon be a formidable rival. Lace, embroidery, silk and velvet dalmatics, the heavier materials being enriched with soutache—dalmatics of cloth adorned with embroidery and of thin, beaded tissues—for summer are a novelty of the season and are seizing on public favor.

All bodices of thin material—tulle, gauze, mousseline de soie or crepe de chine—should be made over silk if they are to look well.

White, cream, pearl and putty colored gloves are still the recognized wear for formal occasions. Lemon tones have also begun to appear.

The newest skirts are straight in the middle of the back instead of having a

bias seam. They are much narrower in circumference, the front being quite flat and plain. The diminution is continuing with that of sleeves, but the latter have collapsed more rapidly and farther than skirts have done, although, no doubt, we shall soon return to the sheath style again, which is a becoming fashion for a pretty figure, but a most unfavorable one for angles.

Today's picture illustrates a wedding costume of white satin. Like most wedding gowns now, it is cut in princess style and is exceedingly plain. The train is rounded. The gown closes at the left side, the bodice being slightly draped under small clusters of orange blossoms and the closing being followed by a ruffle of lace, which is continued down the skirt to the foot. The sleeve is slightly bouffant at the top, being gathered under a small bunch of orange blossoms. A frill of lace finishes the neck and wrists, at which orange flowers are also placed. A diadem of orange blossoms is worn in the hair under the veil.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

COMING FASHIONS.

Thin Fabrics Made Over Silk—Red in All Shades.

The bolero can hardly be said to have had its day, for it is still seen everywhere and in all shapes, sizes and styles, but it is no longer the one accessory of all accessories. The dalmatic is newer and promises to soon be a formidable rival. Lace, embroidery, silk and velvet dalmatics, the heavier materials being enriched with soutache—dalmatics of cloth adorned with embroidery and of thin, beaded tissues—for summer are a novelty of the season and are seizing on public favor.

All bodices of thin material—tulle, gauze, mousseline de soie or crepe de chine—should be made over silk if they are to look well.

White, cream, pearl and putty colored gloves are still the recognized wear for formal occasions. Lemon tones have also begun to appear.

The newest skirts are straight in the middle of the back instead of having a

bias seam. They are much narrower in circumference, the front being quite flat and plain. The diminution is continuing with that of sleeves, but the latter have collapsed more rapidly and farther than skirts have done, although, no doubt, we shall soon return to the sheath style again, which is a becoming fashion for a pretty figure, but a most unfavorable one for angles.

Today's picture illustrates a wedding costume of white satin. Like most wedding gowns now, it is cut in princess style and is exceedingly plain. The train is rounded. The gown closes at the left side, the bodice being slightly draped under small clusters of orange blossoms and the closing being followed by a ruffle of lace, which is continued down the skirt to the foot. The sleeve is slightly bouffant at the top, being gathered under a small bunch of orange blossoms. A frill of lace finishes the neck and wrists, at which orange flowers are also placed. A diadem of orange blossoms is worn in the hair under the veil.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

COMING FASHIONS.

Thin Fabrics Made Over Silk—Red in All Shades.

The bolero can hardly be said to have had its day, for it is still seen everywhere and in all shapes, sizes and styles, but it is no longer the one accessory of all accessories. The dalmatic is newer and promises to soon be a formidable rival. Lace, embroidery, silk and velvet dalmatics, the heavier materials being enriched with soutache—dalmatics of cloth adorned with embroidery and of thin, beaded tissues—for summer are a novelty of the season and are seizing on public favor.

All bodices of thin material—tulle, gauze, mousseline de soie or crepe de chine—should be made over silk if they are to look well.

White, cream, pearl and putty colored gloves are still the recognized wear for formal occasions. Lemon tones have also begun to appear.

The newest skirts are straight in the middle of the back instead of having a

bias seam. They are much narrower in circumference, the front being quite flat and plain. The diminution is continuing with that of sleeves, but the latter have collapsed more rapidly and farther than skirts have done, although, no doubt, we shall soon return to the sheath style again, which is a becoming fashion for a pretty figure, but a most unfavorable one for angles.

Today's picture illustrates a wedding costume of white satin. Like most wedding gowns now, it is cut in princess style and is exceedingly plain. The train is rounded. The gown closes at the left side, the bodice being slightly draped under small clusters of orange blossoms and the closing being followed by a ruffle of lace, which is continued down the skirt to the foot. The sleeve is slightly bouffant at the top, being gathered under a small bunch of orange blossoms. A frill of lace finishes the neck and wrists, at which orange flowers are also placed. A diadem of orange blossoms is worn in the hair under the veil.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

COMING FASHIONS.

Thin Fabrics Made Over Silk—Red in All Shades.

DRESSMAKING HINTS.

Trifles Which Injure a Perfect Fit—Black and Rose Costume.

Few persons who have had no practical experience in dressmaking realize on how many minute trifles the fit and elegance of a gown depend. It is not enough to insure the success of a costume that the goods are of superior quality and fashionable in color and style and that the cut is perfect. Even with these excellent qualifications the result may be unsatisfactory if an unskillful hand has in charge the putting together of the gown. A little fullness here, a little scantiness there, irregular seams, unsatisfactory busting, bones badly placed and a lack of proper attention to pressing may achieve a failure in spite of all the cutter can do.

The seams ought always to be pressed open and pressed flat. If they are not flattened, they give a lumpy look to the right side of the garment when it is being worn. In basting the seams of a skirt it is easier to be accurate and keep them at the right tension if the two breadths to be joined are laid flat upon a table. If a bias edge is to be basted to a straight one, the bias edge should be the upper one, that next the baster. After being stitched the seams should always be well nicked, in order to



SILK COSTUME.

avoid any tendency toward drawing up. All machine stitching should be done with silk, as it makes a thinner seam, looks better and is stronger than cotton. The difference in expense is so slight as to be not worth considering.

Where two bias breadths are to form a seam they should be first laid smoothly together and basted without stretching, and afterward a thin strip of straight muslin should be basted down the seam and included in the stitching when the seam is sewed. This keeps it from pulling out of shape.

Today's sketch shows a costume of black and deep rose striped taffeta. The skirt is entirely plain, straight in front and forming three godets at the back. The fitted bodice has a blouse chemisette partly covered by a flat, pointed plait of green velvet. On either side is a band of embroidered galloon, which together form a point extending to the waist at the back. Two ruffles of rare mousseline de soie outline the point, passing forward over the shoulders and half way down the front. The close sleeves have a slight bouffancy at the top and a full of white lace at the wrists. The belt is of velvet and the collar of lace adorned with two bunches of Russian violets.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

COMING FASHIONS.

Thin Fabrics Made Over Silk—Red in All Shades.

The bolero can hardly be said to have had its day, for it is still seen everywhere and in all shapes, sizes and styles, but it is no longer the one accessory of all accessories. The dalmatic is newer and promises to soon be a formidable rival. Lace, embroidery, silk and velvet dalmatics, the heavier materials being enriched with soutache—dalmatics of cloth adorned with embroidery and of thin, beaded tissues—for summer are a novelty of the season and are seizing on public favor.

All bodices of thin material—tulle, gauze, mousseline de soie or crepe de chine—should be made over silk if they are to look well.

White, cream, pearl and putty colored gloves are still the recognized wear for formal occasions. Lemon tones have also begun to appear.

The newest skirts are straight in the middle of the back instead of having a

bias seam. They are much narrower in circumference, the front being quite flat and plain. The diminution is continuing with that of sleeves, but the latter have collapsed more rapidly and farther than skirts have done, although, no doubt, we shall soon return to the sheath style again, which is a becoming fashion for a pretty figure, but a most unfavorable one for angles.

Today's picture illustrates a wedding costume of white satin. Like most wedding gowns now, it is cut in princess style and is exceedingly plain. The train is rounded. The gown closes at the left side, the bodice being slightly draped under small clusters of orange blossoms and the closing being followed by a ruffle of lace, which is continued down the skirt to the foot. The sleeve is slightly bouffant at the top, being gathered under a small bunch of orange blossoms. A frill of lace finishes the neck and wrists, at which orange flowers are also placed. A diadem of orange blossoms is worn in the hair under the veil.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

COMING FASHIONS.

Thin Fabrics Made Over Silk—Red in All Shades.

The bolero can hardly be said to have had its day, for it is still seen everywhere and in all shapes, sizes and styles, but it is no longer the one accessory of all accessories. The dalmatic is newer and promises to soon be a formidable rival. Lace, embroidery, silk and velvet dalmatics, the heavier materials being enriched with soutache—dalmatics of cloth adorned with embroidery and of thin, beaded tissues—for summer are a novelty of the season and are seizing on public favor.

All bodices of thin material—tulle, gauze, mousseline de soie or crepe de chine—should be made over silk if they are to look well.

White, cream, pearl and putty colored gloves are still the recognized wear for formal occasions. Lemon tones have also begun to appear.

The newest skirts are straight in the middle of the back instead of having a

bias seam. They are much narrower in circumference, the front being quite flat and plain. The diminution is continuing with that of sleeves, but the latter have collapsed more rapidly and farther than skirts have done, although, no doubt, we shall soon return to the sheath style again, which is a becoming fashion for a pretty figure, but a most unfavorable one for angles.

Today's picture illustrates a wedding costume of white satin. Like most wedding gowns now, it is cut in princess style and is exceedingly plain. The train is rounded. The gown closes at the left side, the bodice being slightly draped under small clusters of orange blossoms and the closing being followed by a ruffle of lace, which is continued down the skirt to the foot. The sleeve is slightly bouffant at the top, being gathered under a small bunch of orange blossoms. A frill of lace finishes the neck and wrists, at which orange flowers are also placed. A diadem of orange blossoms is worn in the hair under the veil.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

COMING FASHIONS.

Thin Fabrics Made Over Silk—Red in All Shades.

The bolero can hardly be said to have had its day, for it is still seen everywhere and in all shapes, sizes and styles, but it is no longer the one accessory of all accessories. The dalmatic is newer and promises to soon be a formidable rival. Lace, embroidery, silk and velvet dalmatics, the heavier materials being enriched with soutache—dalmatics of cloth adorned with embroidery and of thin, beaded tissues—for summer are a novelty of the season and are seizing on public favor.

All bodices of thin material—tulle, gauze, mousseline de soie or crepe de chine—should be made over silk if they are to look well.

White, cream, pearl and putty colored gloves are still the recognized wear for formal occasions. Lemon tones have also begun to appear.

The newest skirts are straight in the middle of the back instead of having a

bias seam. They are much narrower in circumference, the front being quite flat and plain. The diminution is continuing with that of sleeves, but the latter have collapsed more rapidly and farther than skirts have done, although, no doubt, we shall soon return to the sheath style again, which is a becoming fashion for a pretty figure, but a most unfavorable one for angles.

Today's picture illustrates a wedding costume of white satin. Like most wedding gowns now, it is cut in princess style and is exceedingly plain. The train is rounded. The gown closes at the left side, the bodice being slightly draped under small clusters of orange blossoms and the closing being followed by a ruffle of lace, which is continued down the skirt to the foot. The sleeve is slightly bouffant at the top, being gathered under a small bunch of orange blossoms. A frill of lace finishes the neck and wrists, at which orange flowers are also placed. A diadem of orange blossoms is worn in the hair under the veil.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

COMING FASHIONS.

Thin Fabrics Made Over Silk—Red in All Shades.

The bolero can hardly be said to have had its day, for it is still seen everywhere and in all shapes, sizes and styles, but it is no longer the one accessory of all accessories. The dalmatic is newer and promises to soon be a formidable rival. Lace, embroidery, silk and velvet dalmatics, the heavier materials being enriched with soutache—dalmatics of cloth adorned with embroidery and of thin, beaded tissues—for summer are a novelty of the season and are seizing on public favor.

PARADISE OF THE NEGRO.

Bahama Islands Are Especially Sited to the African Race.

It is the negroes' paradise for cheap living and the very climate of all the world for dolce far niente ways, irrespective of color, says a New Providence letter to the New York Post. The editor goes to his office at 10 and goes home at 2; there is no night editor. The postoffice opens late and closes early; business men lock up and go home to dinner; there is plenty of time, if not to-day, to-morrow, and hustling competition is unknown. It is all a climatic necessity, conducive to longevity and a quiet conscience. Gray heads are numerous, and the number of aged negroes is remarkable. I asked some of them how old they were, but nobody knew. Probably because so many of them are native Africans, speaking to this day the Congo or Youraba language. They were captured when young from slave ships. The British cruiser Sappho landed 1,000 at Nassau in 1838. They were apprenticed to reputable families and well brought up. Many of them bear the names of the best Nassau citizens. Some of them wear tattooed marks of their African origin upon their faces. Their character averages better than that of the Bahama blacks, who were emancipated. The negroes constitute four-fifths of the whole population. They take no undue advantage of the fact. They are admitted to the ballot on the same terms as the whites, encouraged to make the best of themselves, and all worthy success is appreciated. At a horticultural lawn party on the government house spacious grounds I saw the governor, Sir Frederic Haynes-Smith, engaged in courteous conversation with a portly and distinguished-looking colored man of the same name, who is a member of the colonial parliament and has been postmaster of Nassau. Many well-dressed and well-mannered colored people were on the grounds. They were politely treated; the excellent musicians were all colored. When they played "God Save the Queen" all heads were uncovered and the people forthwith dispersed. Gov.-Gen. Smith is a courtly gentleman of commanding presence and withal kindly, accessible and affable to all. He gave a special reception to the transient visitors and he especially welcomes, as do all the leading citizens of Nassau, the recent influx of Americans by the Florida East Coast steamship line.

Not an Anthem.

Mr. W. S. Gilbert told a good story against Sir Arthur Sullivan and himself at the Savage club dinner recently. While the "Mikado" was in process of incubation the collaborators decided that it would be an excellent thing to herald the entry of the Japanese monarch by a suitable Japanese tune set to real Japanese words; and they appealed to a gentleman learned in matters concerning the far east to help them in their difficulty. The result was the chorus in the second act, "Miya sama, miya sama," the strains of which are also heard with such singular effect in the overture. Until quite recently Mr. Gilbert and Sir Arthur Sullivan were under the impression that this air belonged to something in the national anthem; but it now seems that they had been badly sold. A friend of Mr. Gilbert's, who saw "The Mikado" the other day for the first time, has written a letter complimenting the author and composer upon the general scheme of their local color but expressing astonishment at the introduction of the "Miya sama" chorus, the tune of which he declares to be that of a song sung only in the lowest tea houses of Yokohama and calculated to make the lord chamberlain's hair stand on end.—Public Opinion.

A Novel Racing Plan.

At the Velodrome de la Seine, Paris, on last Sunday week a scratch race for a novel and interesting prize was run. The winner of this race has the right to be entered as No. 1 in all races in France and to wear this number on his arm at race meetings or elsewhere; he also draws an income of 20 francs per day as long as he holds the No. 1, but it is a challenge prize and he is open to have his title disputed by any one who may feel disposed to oppose it and who is able to deposit the 400 francs (\$80), which is the amount fixed to accompany the challenge. The holder of the title must then fix a meeting, which must take place within three weeks of the challenge. The challenger stakes his 400 francs and the holder of the title stakes his 20 francs per day. The race was won by Morin, who is now the proud possessor of the title of No. 1 and 20 francs per day.—Cycling World.

A Northern Orange Tree.

There is an orange tree at Muskegon, Mich., that is making a record. The tree is about fourteen inches high, and on the branches are twenty-eight miniature oranges and blossoms in various stages of development, and one fully developed orange. The latter is about the size of an ordinary hen's egg, but round. The tree is planted in a large tin can filled with earth, and is treated as a house plant.

ON Duty.

It is essential to the well being of the physical economy that the kidneys and bladder should be eternally active, that they should never go "off duty." If they do, the kidneys fail to secrete from the blood the watery element and the impurities that should be thrown off by the bladder, and both organs suffer in organic health from their inaction, and incur dangerous maladies. Among these are Bright's disease of the kidneys, diabetes, retention of the urine, gravel, dysuria, &c. These are no trifles, but obstinate diseases developing rapidly and terminating too often fatally. To prevent or check them, the safe and most effective means is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which gives a healthy impulse to, but never excites the kidneys, like the hurt, unmedicated stimulants of commerce. Malaria, dyspepsia, constipation, liver trouble, nervousness and debility are remedied by the genial medicine, useful in convalescence and old age. A winged staff three times a day.

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday.

Three Days of Extraordinary Bargains in Gingham and Dress Goods.

Best quality Gingham, consists of stripes, checks and plaids, also the best quality of apron check gingham, 10 yards for

39c

10 yards of good Linen Crash for

45c

1,500 yards of dark colored Pongee, Sateens and other dark colored Dress Goods, that usually sell for 10c and 12½c, sale price

6½c

50 pieces Dress goods, some are all wool and some are part wool, desirable spring shades. Sale price

22½c

Genuine bargains.

One big lot half wood Henriettas that usually sell at 18c. Sale price

11c

Bed Spreads, the 75c kind, go during this sale at

53 Cents.

H. HOFFMASTER & SON,
18 South Main St.

3 and 5 W. Milwaukee St.
On the Bridge.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

3 and 5 W. Milwaukee St.
On the Bridge.

Grand Opening and Special Sale of

Ladies' Suits, Separate Skirts, Capes and Jackets,

Friday, March 26th

On the above date Mr. F. F. Lewis, representing the well known house of Joseph Biefeld & Co., of Chicago, will have on sale at our store, their complete line of

**Suits, Skirts, Capes and Jackets
For Spring and Summer.**

Joseph Biefeld & Co need no introduction to the ladies of Janesville, they being the largest manufacturers in the west. You can depend upon seeing at our store Friday an immense line of correct and popular styles, reproducing the "chic" fashions of Vienna and Paris at moderate prices.

Whether you wish to purchase or not we extend a most cordial invitation to visit our store and inspect these beautiful garments for spring.

It is our purpose to make extra low prices on this entire line, only adding a small per cent. to the wholesale price.

Ladies looking for something different, something they will not see duplicated every time they go on the street, this will be their golden opportunity.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

Nothing
Succeeds Like
Selling Good
Goods Under
Prices.

**Never Too
Old to Learn**

Don't
Buy Until
You See
What We Are
Doing.

SANBORN'S teachings to the grocery buyers are of benefit to the oldest and should be sought after by the young people. The saving of money on high quality groceries is SANBORN'S hobby. He is surely getting the cash grocery trade. No one can help giving serious thought to his daily prices.

Canned Goods.

3 lb can Trilby Peaches, 10c; dozen, 1.15
3 lb can Aqua Fruta California Peaches, 13c; doz. 1.40
3 lb can King Boman Apricots, 10c; dozen, 1.10
Fancy can Figs, 20c
2 lb can Lima Beans, 10c; fine stock, 3 cans 25c
2 lb can Stringless Beans 10c; 3 cans, 25c; per doz, 90c
3 lb can Sealed Hulled Corn, 10c; 3 cans 25c
3 lb can Ruby Tomatoes, 10c; fine goods; 3 cans 25c
3 lb can Genesee Pumpkin. 10c; 3 cans 25c; doz, \$1.00
Large can Asparagus, 35c
Large can Asparagus Tips, 25c
3 lb can Spinach, 20c
Gallon cans Pears, per can 25c
Gallon cans Plums, per can 25c
Gallon cans Nectarines, per can 25c
Gallon cans Apples, per can 20c
Fancy, Fresh, Large Lemons, per dozen 15c
12 lbs Oatmeal, 25c
New Ungraded Prunes, per pound 05c
Fancy Ring Apples, per pound 05c
Small can Raspberries in Sugar Syrup, 5c; 50 cents dozen.
3 lb can Teepee Blackberries, 10c; fine goods, an immense trade. \$1.10 per dozen.
2 lb can Beauty Sugar Peas, 10c; 3 for 25c, a bargain. \$1.00 per dozen.

3 lb can California Yellow Peaches, 15c; doz., \$1.60
3 lb can Golden Seal Apricots in Sugar Syrup, fine goods, 15c; dozen, 1.50
3 lb can California Cherries, 15c; dozen, 1.65

Flour

WASHBURN-CROSBY CO. Gold Medal
Flour, - - - 1.10
(In ten sack lots, \$1.05.)

Hard to Beat Flour, - - 1.00
(In ten sack lots, 95c.)

We are selling quantities of flour; price probably will go up soon. That's the reason, partly.

5 gallons best Oil and Galvanized Can with faucet, 95 cents.

Fancy Salt Pork, per pound, 5 cents.

A, B, C Crackers, all kinds, 4 Cents per pound.

Armour's Star Hams, 11c per pound.
Picnic Hams, Armour's 7 Cents per pound.
Fancy Corsican Citron, 12c per pound.
Fancy Lemon Peel, 12c per pound.

Coffee.

1 lb Crushed Java, 22c; Five lbs. \$1.00.
1 lb Java Siftings, 22c; Five lbs. \$1.00.
1 lb good Rio, 18c; Six lbs. \$1.00.
1 lb fancy Rio, 22c; Five lbs. \$1.00.
1 lb golden Rio, 28c; Four lbs. \$1.00.
1 lb Santos and Maracaibo, 30c; Three and one-half lbs. \$1.00.
1 lb Mexican Java, 30c; Three and one-half lbs. \$1.00.
(This is the finest Mexican Java money can buy).
1 lb Java and Mocha, 35c; Three and one-half lbs. \$1.00.
1 lb Diamond Java and Moch, 38c; Three lbs. \$1.05.
(This is the perfection in coffee)

Where dollars and cents are interested the best of us listen to reason.

C. A. SANBORN & CO.